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JOHN HOLT PLC

The story of John Holt began in 1862 when Mr. John Holt, just under 21 years old, with 27 pounds sterling in his pocket sailed from Liverpool to West Africa. In 1897, John Holt established his first VENTURE in Lagos.

Up to the Second World War, John Holt was involved mainly in the distribution and export of produce. A fleet of ships operated fortnightly service from Liverpool to West Africa.

John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Limited was incorporated in the United Kingdom. It was incorporated in Nigeria as John Holt Limited in 1961. It became a public company and was quoted on the Nigerian Stock Exchange in May, 1974.

JOHN HOLT PROMISE

The Company's payoff; "the eloquence of quality since 1897," is the promise of sustained quality products and service delivery in all its operations.

JOHN HOLT LOGO

The logo consists of Brass Manilla (previously used as currency in some parts of Nigeria) and a five-point star signifies the Group's enduring connection with international trade.

John Holt Plc has over the years grown to become a key player in various sectors of the economy offering quality products and services through a network of branches nationwide.

The Company has wide successful business units with interests in Engineering, Air Conditioning & Cooling systems, Fire & Safety equipment, Construction, Property development, Boat Building and has effectively developed its inhouse brands called Holtstar and Holt Premier.

John Holt has been an important participant in many areas of the economy. It incorporated John Holt Construction

Limited as a subsidiary company and operates four major internal divisions namely: Technical Product and Leasing Services, Yamaco, Property & MRDS and John Holt Trading.

The Company has effectively developed its in-house brand called HOLTSTAR and is in partnership with several international companies such as Horus Energia (Poland), Augus (UK) and Rosenbauer (Austria).

John Holt strives to be consumer-focused and cost effective with the goal of achieving long term growth for all its stakeholders. The Group's enduring relationship with its parent

company, John Holt & Co (Liverpool) Limited, UK, has enabled it to attract strong franchises and international brands.

TECHNICAL PRODUCTS & LEASING SERVICES

HOLT ENGINEERING:



The unit specializes in the sale, installation and maintenance of the John Holt Premier range of diesel generators covering models from 12.5Kva to 2,200Kva.

Amongst the key features of the fuel efficient power range are genuine Perkins engines (UK), in-built Automatic Transfer Switch (A.T.S.) function in the Panel, accurate electronic fuel gauge and maintenance alarm. In addition, the unit provides excellent round the clock after sales service.

These generators are made in factories that re ISO 9001 certified and assembled by our highly skilled team of technicians at our facility in Lagos, Nigeria.

The unit also undertakes the maintenance of large power generating sets and sale of genuine spare parts.

PDFelement





HOLT COOLING:

John Holt Cooling deals with the nationwide sale, installation and maintenance of the HOLT STAR brand of air conditioners.

HOLT STAR air conditioners are manufactured with an advanced cooling technology which guarantees superior quality in functionality, aesthetics, durability and safety. We offer for sale, an impressive range of sizes which include 1HP, 1.5HP and 2HP (for the window and split units); 3HP, 5HP and 10HP (for the standing units); and other cooling systems for large rooms such as banking halls, restaurants, cinemas, conference rooms and hotels.

John Holt Cooling also offers leasing services and financing arrangements to individuals and corporate organizations.



YAMACO/ALMARINE:

(A division of John Holt Plc) is the pioneering leader in the construction of Glass Reinforced Plastic (GRP) boats in Nigeria.

Undisputedly African's leading boat builder, Almarine produces boats which are Rugged, Reliable, Unsinkable (with in-built foam buoyancy), Corrosion-free and of various models and sizes.

Almarine has made remarkable strides in response to the everincreasing demand for marine engines and modern boats to meet the needs of the oil & gas, fishing and marine transportation industry in Nigeria.



The vast majority of utility boats built in Nigeria are copies of Almarine moulds and most industrial/cottage boats builders in the country have worked in Almarine or were trained in Almarine facilities.

Almarine is also the first Nigerian operation to build a 60-seater fibre glass mass transit boat.



PROPERTIES:

With an extensive property portfolio valued in several billions of Naira, JHPLC provides high quality accommodation and facility management solutions.

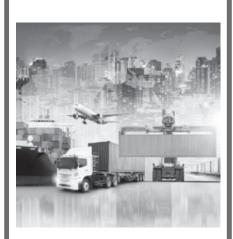
The Company offers modern design options that merge functionality with aesthetics, allowing the delivery of distinctive housing and commercial units. In addition, our warehousing services link a controlled number of manufacturers, importers, wholesale distributors and their dealers, in almost 30 key commercial city centers in Nigeria.

Services provided which focus on warehousing and inventory management are adaptable to meet individual client requirements, and are delivered by highly experienced and motivated staff with excellent communication facilities.



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SHIPPING SERVICES:

The Shipping services provide an efficient viable and cost effective option for today's shipping and logistics market. This enables the Company to apply its industry expertise to deliver a tailor-made

The Shipping services include the following:

Clearing and Forwarding (Air & Sea Freight) Packing and Removal Services Warehousing and Security of Goods Forklift and Equipment Rental

Cargo Consolidation

Project Cargo Handling

Export Processing/Shipment



INDEPENDENT POWER PROJECT:

This unit develops, builds & manages Power Plants of all sizes, and supplies Power Equipment such as Transformers, Hybrid generators, Gas generators and Pre-Paid Meters. The unit has a robust assortment of power services, including power plant management, energy audits, capacity building, technical training and power system redesign services.

The Gas generators are fueled by natural gas to produce electricity for homes and industries while the Hybrid generators integrate solar panels and/or wind turbines seamlessly with the generator and Public Mains, via direct connection with an inverter. This configuration enables the reduction in diesel consumption by up to 90%.



JOHN HOLT CONSTRUCTION:

John Holt Construction Ltd, a wholly owned subsidiary company of John Holt Plc, specializes in the design and construction of roads, bridges, drainages, high quality buildings for both residential & industrial use, warehouses, shoreline protection, jetties, telecommunication masts and other civil engineering projects.

In conjunction with local and international technical partners, this subsidiary company is strategically positioned to deliver high quality projects and services to a broad base of clients in both public and private sectors.

In keeping with the John Holt premium quality promise, we ensure brilliant structural designs, high quality construction and professional project management.

PDFelement





ASSEMBLIES:

This unit set up with the aim of adding value to the Nigerian economy by providing jobs for talented Nigerians. This unit specializes in the assembly of generators and air conditioners.

Since inception, over 150 engineers and numerous technical specialists have received hands-on-training in one of our plants.



FIRE & SAFETY SOLUTIONS:

Fire & Safety Solutions (FSS) specialize in the sale and service of fire and safety equipment throughout Nigeria. It offers a complete range of fire and safety services from initial fire risk assessment to the installation of fire and safety equipment.

FSS executes an exclusive franchise in the distribution and maintenance of ROSENBAUER fire – fighting equipment in Nigeria. Other products offered include: Angus Fire Extinguishers, Foam Concentrates, Fire Pump, Fire Monitor, Fire Hoses and fittings.

THE GROUP HEAD OFFICE:

The Group Head Office is responsible for the management of the Group's central accounting, purchasing functions, insurance, finance, human resources development, legal and statutory matters.



NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 60th Annual General Meeting of the Members of John Holt Plc will be held at Radisson Blu Hotel, Victoria Island, Lagos, on Thursday 30th of June, 2022 at 11.00 am to transact the following business:-

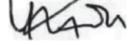
- 1. To lay before the meeting, the Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30th September 2021, the Report of the Auditors and the Audit Committee thereon.
- 2. To re-elect Directors: i. Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh Special Notice is hereby given in accordance with the provisions of CAMA 2020 for the re-election of Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh, as a Director of the Company, notwithstanding he is over 70 years.
 - ii. Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje.
- 3. To authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors
- 4. To disclose the remuneration of the Managers of the Company in line with the provisions of the Companies & Allied Matters Act, 2020
- 5. To elect members of the Audit Committee.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

- 6. To fix the remuneration of Directors
- 7. To consider and pass the following resolution as an ordinary as an ordinary resolution of the company:

"That the general mandate given to the company to enter into recurrent transaction with related parties for the day to day operations in compliance with NSE/NGX Rules Governing transaction with related parties or interested persons, be and is hereby renewed.

By Order of the Board



Ada Nkwocha (Mrs.)

Company Secretary

FRC No/2018/NBA/0000018998

17th February, 2022

Registered office address

11B Ilabere Avenue, Ikoyi, Lagos

NOTES

1. In view of the COVID – 19 pandemic and the need to ensure Public Health and Safety, the Corporate Affairs Commission has approved that the attendance at this Annual General Meeting shall be by proxy only. The approval was given in accordance with the Commission's Guidelines on Holding of Annual General Meetings (AGM) of Public Companies using proxies. Consequently, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is advised to select from the under listed proposed proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead.

Notice of Annual General Meeting Cont



- i. Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh
- ii. Sir Sunny Nwosu
- iii. Chief Timothy Adesiyan

A proxy form is attached to the Annual Report.

To be valid all instruments of proxy must be deposited at the office of the Company's Registrars, Greenwich Registrars and Data Solutions Limited, 274, Murtala Mohammed Way, Yaba Lagos, P.M.B 12717, Lagos or via E-mail: info@gtlregistrars.com not later than 48 hours before the time of the meeting. The Company shall bear the cost of stamp duties on the instruments of proxy.

- 2. Closure of Register of Members and Transfer Books: The Register of Members and Transfer Books of the company will be closed from Monday 13th June, 2022 to Friday 17th June, 2022, both dates inclusive, for the purpose of updating the Register of Members.
- 3. Nomination for the Audit Committee: In accordance with Section 404 (6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, (CAMA) any member may nominate shareholder for election as a member of the Audit Committee by giving notice in writing of such nomination to the Company Secretary at least 21 days before the Annual General Meeting. We request shareholders to note Section 404 (5) of CAMA which provides that "All members of the Audit Committee shall be financially literate, and at least one member shall be a member of a professional Accounting body in Nigeria established by an Act of the National Assembly".
- 4. Unclaimed Dividends and Certificates: All unclaimed dividends (as at June 2005) became statute barred on the 18th of June 2017 by virtue of Section 385 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.
- 5. Rights of Securities' Holders to ask Questions: Securities' Holders have a right to ask questions not only at the Meeting, but also in writing prior to the Meeting and such questions should be addressed to the Company Secretary and submitted at the Company's registered office at least a week before the Meeting.
- 6. Electronic Annual Report: The soft copy of the 2021 Annual Report can be accessed on our website and will be sent to our shareholders who have provided their email addresses to the Registrars. Shareholders who are interested in receiving the soft copy of the 2021 Annual Report should request via email to info@gtlregistrars.com
- 7. Streaming: The Annual General Meeting will be streamed live from the following social channels:

Website: www.jhplc.com

Directors And Other Corporate Information



Wondershare

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Board of Directors:

Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh Chairman

Dr. Christopher Ifesonachi Ezeh Group Managing Director

Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje **Finance Director**

Mr. David George Parmley Non-Executive Director Mr. Adimabua Renwick Jibunoh Non - Executive Director

Company Secretary/

Legal Adviser: Mrs. Ada Nkwocha

Registered Office: 11B Ilabere Avenue, Ikoyi, Lagos

> P.O.Box 2508, Lagos Tel No. 01-2709295-9

Registration No.: RC 2662

Greenwich Registrars and Data Solutions Limited **Registrars:**

> 274 Murtala Mohammed Way, Alagomeji, Yaba – Lagos.

Tel: 01-5803369, 5451399, 5803367

Independent Auditors: BDO Professional Services

15 CIPM Avenue, Central Business District, Alausa, Ikeja, Lagos.

Email address-bdonig@bdo-ng.com

Members of the Audit

Committee:

Chief Olu Akanni Mr. Christopher Nwaguru Member Mr. Samuel Mpamugo Member

Mr. Adimubua Renwick Jibunoh Member (Appointed - 17/02/2022)

Chairman

Mr. David Parmley Member

Mr. Paul Newns Member (Deceased - 13/11/2021) Mr. Sheriff Yussuf Member (Resigned - 31/12/2021)

The Company Secretary served as the secretary to the committee



Naira Millions

	GROUP September 30	
	2021 N'm	2020 N'm
Revenue	1,186	1,831
Loss BeforeTax	(553)	(319)
Taxation	45	(22)
Loss for the year	(508)	(341)
Loss Per Share Data (Kobo)	(130.26)	(87.44)





Distinguished shareholders, representatives of the regulatory authorities, invited guests and members of the mass media. I welcome you to the 60th Annual General Meeting of John Holt Plc holding here at Radisson Blu Anchorage Hotel, Victoria Island, Lagos. In keeping with advice on limited physical attendance, this meeting will be transmitted on virtual platforms.

THE COMPANY

The operating year continued to suffer the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, as subsequent waves of the virus were detected and restrictions, although relaxed in part, remained in place. Companies and government agencies continued to operate using remote or hybrid arrangements in an economy which was generally characterized by depreciating Naira values, spiraling inflation and reducing disposable income.

More specifically, the dearth of foreign exchange led to long processing times for Letters of Credit. Taken together with supply disruptions experienced by our manufacturers operating in

countries more affected by the pandemic, an unusually extended lead time for all imports was experienced, impacting on the company's overall ability to trade.

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements capture the above trading difficulties related to external factors which were outside our direct control. In particular, the loss recorded is materially impacted by falling Naira values as an exchange loss of N429m is included in the stated figure.

THE FUTURE

In order to insulate the company from the many external factors impacting on our trading abilities, several concrete steps have been taken to vary both product offers and product sourcing channels. These measures have been successful and further effort is being made to deepen and broaden their scope. We remain optimistic about the future.

MR PAUL NEWNS

It is with a deep sense of loss and regret that I acknowledge the passing of one of our longest-serving directors, Mr Paul Newns. Over his 50 years career with John Holt, Paul served meritoriously in various capacities, culminating in his appointments as Chairman of John Holt & Co (Liverpool) Ltd and Non-Executive Director of John Holt Plc where he made significant and immeasurable contributions. He will be dearly missed and I pray Almighty God grants him eternal rest. Amen.

OUR SHAREHOLDERS

The Board is grateful to the shareholders for their understanding with respect to dividend payments. We believe this will be remedied soon.

OUR MANAGEMENT AND STAFF

On behalf of all shareholders I extend thanks to all managers and staff for their diligence and dedication to the attainment of our shared goals.



Remove Watermark

Wondershare

PDFelement

TECHNICAL PRODUCTS AND LEASING SERVICES

	2021	2020
REVENUE	N'm	N'm
	863	1,488
CONTRIBUTION TO CENTRAL COSTS	(14)	18

Engineering Sales revenue was N650m which, in approximate, was the same as last year. The Unit generated a positive contribution of N7m against a negative contribution of N39m last year. This was due to improved margin as a result of the sale of inventories at replacement cost as well as a reduction in expenses. Efforts are being sustained to ensure consistent improvement in results.

There was N19m negative contribution last year from the Cooling business which is zero this year, in approximate, due to the reduction in its operations as well as inapplicable resources.

Holt Service revenue was N136m against N129m last year. Contribution was N20m negative against N25m negative last year. Whilst margins on services are under severe pressure by competition and the incursion of substandard alternatives, viable options are being explored with respect to spares, repairs and rentals to improve results.

The revenue of Fire and Safety Solution was N77m against N636m last year. Contribution was N1m negative against N101m positive last year. Expected orders for fire equipment did not materialise because the operations of the key customers in the Oil and Gas industry were still significantly curtailed by COVID-19 during the year. Some orders have been subsequently received, but the transactions will not be concluded in the current financial year due to long processing and production lead times.

YAMACO	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm
REVENUE	6	43
CONTRIBUTION TO CENTRAL COSTS	(20)	(35)

Revenue of N6m was less than N43m recorded last year. Negative contribution of N20m was less than N35m negative contribution of last year due to the write back of provisions no longer required and the reduction in expenses. Apart from the negative effect on results by the ban of 2 stroke engines, the insecurity on the waterways is a contributory factor. However, management believes that the insecurity is also a potential opportunity with respect to sales to security agencies and we are engaging at high levels in the public and private sectors. We are strongly optimistic of positive outcomes that will improve the results of this unit.

PROPERTY & MRDS		
FROFERIT & WINDS	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm
REVENUE	317	300
CONTRIBUTION TO CENTRAL COSTS	177	124

Revenue of N317m was higher than N300m last year. Contribution of N177m was also higher than N124m of last year. The negative impact resulting from loss of clients due to COVID-19 was mitigated by the successful engagement of replacements. Management remains focused on growing the business for improved results.

CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION		
CLIVINAL ADMINISTRATION	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm
COSTS	336	340
EXCHANGE (GAIN)/LOSS	429	767
INTEREST	153	109
OTHER INCOME	(222)	(790)

Central costs of N336m were marginally less than N340m of last year. Exchange loss of N429m was also less than N767m of last year. Interest of N153m was higher than N109m of last year due to the increase in interest rates and the conversion of forex obligations to Naira.

Other income of N222m consists mainly of the share of interest in associate company and increase in the value of financial assets. It was less than N790m of last year due mainly to the support received from the parent company last year with respect to their absorption of last year's exchange loss.



MR. DAVID GEORGE PARMLEY (Non-Executive Director)



CHIEF (DR) CHRISTOPHER IKECHI EZEH MFR (Chairman)



DR. CHRISTOPHER IFESONACHI EZEH (Group Managing Director)



MR. ADIM JIBUNOH (Non-executive Director)



MR ADECHE BOYI OKEJE (Executive Director, Finance)



MRS. ADA NKWOCHA (Company Secretary)

BANKERS: Fidelity, Keystone, Access & Zenith Bank AUDITORS: BDO Professional Services REGISTRARS: Greenwich Registrars and Data Solutions Limited, 274 Murtala Mohammed Way, Alagomeji, Yaba – Lagos.





Chief (Dr.) Christopher Ikechi Ezeh, MFR - Chairman, Non-Executive Director

h i e f E z e h graduated from the Wednesbury College of Commerce in Wood Green, England. He began his illustrious career with Shell-BP, Port-Harcourt, a career which has included work experience in Chrysler

Motors UK Limited; Shell Zambia Limited, Lusaka; Indeco Limited Group, Zambia; and Indeni Petroleum Refining Company, Ndola, Zambia. He joined John Holt Limited (now Plc) as Senior Accountant in 1976 and rose to the position of Managing Director in 1986. Following his retirement he was appointed Chairman in 2001. Chief Ezeh is also the Chairman of Lennards Nig Ltd and Igbo-Ukwu Microcfinance Bank Ltd. He sits on the Boards of John Holt and Company Liverpool UK Limited and Crittal-Hope Nig Ltd. He is the Chairman of the ESUT Business Council and the Proprietor of Christopher University, Mowe, Ogun State.

He has also had the privilege of sitting on the Boards of numerous companies and socio-cultural organizations, always seeking new ways to add value. These include Fidelity Bank Plc as Chairman, Bentworth Finance Ltd, NAL Merchant Bank Ltd, NEPAD Business Group, Nigeria Youth Trust, Plateau Confectionary Ltd, Nigeria-Japan Association as President and the Nigeria-British Chamber of Commerce.

Chief Ezeh is the beneficiary of numerous awards recognitions, including Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria; Distinguished Fellow of the Institute of Directors, Nigeria; Fellow of the Directors, UK; Fellow of the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants; and Member of the British Institute of Management.

Chief Ezeh holds Honorary Doctor of Business Administration (DBA) degrees from both Enugu State University of Science and Technology and Anambra State University. He is also a recipient of the Anambra State Merit Award, and in 2008 was a beneficiary of the conferment of the National Award of Member of the Order of the Federal Republic.



Dr. Christopher Ifesonachi Ezeh — Group Managing Director

Dr. Christopher Ezeh obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Economics from Enugu State University of Science and Technology (ESUT) and thereafter proceeded to Cardiff Business School, UK where he bagged a Masters in Business

Administration, Postgraduate Diploma in Social Science Research Methods and a Ph.D. in Marketing and Strategy.

While in the UK he instructed MBA students on the Principles of Advanced Marketing and executed numerous marketing consultancy assignments in Europe and Africa in the areas of real estate development, telecommunications, cement manufacturing and independent power generation. His work experience covers British Gas, UK; Conduit Group

UK; John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd; The Gilead Consortium, Nigeria; Minaj Group, Nigeria and Nigerian Breweries Plc, Lagos.

Dr. Ezeh heads current group operations and business incubation activities in other areas. He is an Associate Member of the Chartered Institute of Marketing (UK), Member of the Nigerian Economics Society, Member of the Institute of Directors and Fellow of the Institute of Direct Marketing of Nigeria. He has authored several articles in high-profile international business journals and sits on the Board of Trustees of private university. He began his career at John Holt Plc in 2009 as General Manager, Holt Properties and Group Marketing and rose to the position of Senior Executive in 2010. He became the Group Head of Technical Operations in 2012 and later the Executive Directior, Operations in 2013. In 2016 was appointed the Group Managing Director.





Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje - Finance Director

Mr. Okeje attended the University of Ado-Ekiti where he obtained a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting and later a Master degree in Finance from the University of Lagos. He is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered

Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) and a member Chartered Institute of Taxation of Nigeria (CITN). He began his career in John Holt Plc in 1989, rising to the positions of Group Chief Accountant in 2006, Head of Finance in 2011 and Finance Director in 2016. He is an outstanding Chartered Accountant with over twenty years' experience in Financial and Management Accounting, Treasury Management, Corporate Finance and Taxation.



Mr. David George Parmley - Non-Executive Director

He holds a degree in Commerce from the University of Liverpool and is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He worked as an Audit Manager in Deloitte Haskins & Sells, 1972 – 1980; then moved on to Pilkington Plc,

as an Internal Audit Manager 1980; He joined the John Holt Group Limited as an Internal Audit Manager and Chief Accountant 1981 – 1986.He was the Managing Director, High Gosforth Park Plc, 1987 – 1996 and later proceeded to Parkhaven Trust as Secretary / Chief Executive Officer, 1997 – 2000. Mr. David Parmley returned to John Holt & Co (Liverpool) Limited as Finance Director in 2001 before joining the Board of John Holt Plc.



Mr. Adimabua Renwick Jibunoh - Non Executive Director

Mr. Jibunoh is a First-Class graduate of Economics from the University of Port Harcourt and has a Masters in Business Administration from the University of Lagos. His career in the financial and non-financial

services sector spans over

three decades. His prior positions have included: Executive Director at Standard Trust Bank Plc; and the Chief Executive Officer of Continental Trust Bank. He is also a non-executive director of Avon HMO, United Capital Plc and Transcorp Hotels Plc where he heads some of the relevant Board Committees. Over the years, he has attended several trainings and courses both in Nigeria and abroad including Harvard Business School, Advanced Management Courses in Lagos Business School, IMD Switzerland, and Citibank just to name a few. He joined the Board of Holt Plc in October, 2020.



Mrs. Ada Nkwocha - Legal Adviser/Company Secretary

Ada attended Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria where she obtained a Law degree in 2002 and was subsequently called to the Nigerian Bar 2003. Thereafter she obtained a Masters degree in Law from the University of Lagos. A

Solicitor and Advocate of the Supreme Court of Nigeria with over 18 years post call experience. She has worked with reputable law firms, private companies and public service before being appointed as Company Secretary of John Holt Plc in 2018. She is a Member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (UK) and a Member of the Chartered Institute of Taxation, Nigeria.



To the Members of John Holt Plc

The Directors submit their report on the affairs of John Holt Plc, together with the audited financial statements and auditors' report for the year ended 30th September 2021.

1. LEGAL FORM

The company was incorporated on 28th August 1961 and was listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchange in May 1974.

2. RESULTS

The Group made a loss after tax of N508million A summary of the results is shown as follows:

	2021	2020
Revenue	1,186	1,831
Loss Before Taxation	(553)	(319)
Taxation	45	(22)
Loss After Tax transferred to reserve	(508)	(341)

3. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The principal activities during the year under review, remained assembly, sales, leasing, servicing of power equipment, sale of fire equipment. provision of warehousing of consumables and other goods as well as property services.

4. SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDINGS

There were 389,151,412 ordinary shares in issue at 30th September 2021, out of which John Holt & Co (Liverpool) Limited held 211,800,000 shares. No other shareholder held more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital.

5. DONATION

Cash Donation of N240,000 was made to Lydia women Foundation

6. DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

a) The Directors who held office during the review period and at the date of this report are as follows:

Chief Christopher Ezeh (Chairman)

Mr. David Parmley (British) (Non-Executive Director)

Dr. Christopher Ezeh (Group Managing Executive Director)

Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje (Finance Director)

Mr. Adimabua Renwick Jibunoh (Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Paul Newns (Member) Deceased 13/11/2021

Mr. Sheriff Mojirola Yussuf - (Member) Resigned 31/12/2021

i. In accordance with the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, and Article 91 of the Articles of Association of the Company, the Director retiring by rotation are Chief (Dr.)



Christopher Ikechi Ezeh and Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

ii. In accordance with the provisions of CAMA, 2020, Special Notice is hereby given for the re-election of Chief (Dr.) Christopher Ikechi Ezeh as Director of the Company notwithstanding that he is over 70 years.

b) Directors' shareholding

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, the interests of Directors in the issued share capital of the company at 30th September 2021 and at 30th September 2020, as recorded in the Register of Members and notified by them were:

	DIRECT HOLDINGS	INDIRECT HOLDINGS
Chief Christopher Ezeh	3,591,604	551,142
Mr. David Parmley	Nil	Nil
Mr. Paul Newns	304,000	Nil
Mr. Sheriff Yussuf Mojirola	352,962	Nil
Dr. Christopher Ezeh	1,963,835	Nil
Mr. Adeje Boyi Okeje	54,030	Nil

Chief Christopher Ezeh has indirect shareholding amounting to 551,142 shares through Crain Nigeria Limited.

Prior Year's figure – 30th September 2020

	DIRECT	INDIRECT
Chief Christopher Ezeh	3,591,604	551,142
Mr. David Parmley	Nil	Nil
Mr. Paul Newns	304,000	Nil
Mr. Sheriff Yussuf Mojirola	352,962	Nil
Dr. Christopher Ezeh	779,955	Nil
Mr. Adeje Boyi Okeche	54,030	Nil

c.) Directors interest in Contracts

For the purpose of the provisions of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, no Director notified the company of disclosable interests in contracts with the company at 30th September 2021 and 31st December 2021.



d) Disclosure of Managers' Remuneration

Section 238 of CAMA provides that the disclosure of the remuneration of the managers of a company should be an item under the ordinary business at the AGM. Based on the definition of 'managers' in the Companies Regulations 2021, we hereby disclose that the total remuneration of the 9 management staff including Executive Directors of the company for the year ended 30 September 2021 is N40.1M (2020: N40.7M for 10 management staff)

7. SHARE CAPITAL

The range of shareholding as at September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Sha	Share Range reholders	Number of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders Holdings	%
1-	1,000	35,021	67.10	17,934,279	4.61
1,001-	5,000	13,130	25.16	30,178,307	7.75
5,001-	10,000	2,063	3.95	14,966,155	3.85
10,001-	50,000	1,617	3.10	34,100,747	8.76
50,001-	100,000	201	0.39	14,206,142	3.65
100,001-	500,000	122	0.23	24,446,200	6.28
500,001-	1,000,000	15	0.03	9,940,236	2.56
1,000,001-	and Above	20	0.04	243,385,625	62.54
	TOTAL	52,189	100.0	389,157,691	100.00

8. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprised of three representatives of shareholders and two Independent Non Executive Directors, namely Mr. Olu Akanni, Mr. Samuel Mpamugo, Mr. Christopher Nwaguru, Mr. Sherrif Mojirola Yussuf (resigned 31/02/2021), Mr. David George Parmley, Mr. Adimabua Jibunoh(appointed 17/02/2022) and Mr. Paul Newns (Deceased 13/11/2021).

9. HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

HEALTHY, SAFETY AND WELFARE:

The Group is committed to the health, safety and welfare of its employees. All employees are covered by the Group's free health care and clinics are maintained in most of the Group's locations. In addition, the Group retains a number of registered private hospitals run by qualified medical doctors to attend to serious cases. The Group policy on medical treatment covers spouses and children of certain employees. There is also a group personal accident insurance cover for all staff.

The Group provides allowances to all levels of employees for housing, transportation and lunch and complies with regulations on health safety and welfare. There is a contributory pension scheme, to which





the group contributes 10% of the employee's total emoluments, while the employee contributes 8%. The pension scheme is run in accordance with the provisions of the Pension Reforms Act, 2014.

EMPLOYEES' INVOLVEMENT:

The Company places considerable value on the involvement of its employees and is committed to keeping employees fully informed about the business as they are encouraged to participate in discussions and decisions affecting them as employees. Apart from using the established channels such as the Joint Consultative Committee of the industrial unions, the Group's notice boards and in-house bulletins are used to compliment regular communication.

EMPLOYMENT OF PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED PERSONS:

The Company recognizes equal employment opportunities for all including the employment of physically challenged persons. There is no discrimination in the training and career development of employees, including physically challenged persons. The company had one physically challenged person in its employment during the year.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:

In the opinion of the Directors, there is no substantial difference between the present market value of property, plant and equipment and the amounts stated in the accounts. Details of movements during the year are set out in note 20 to the accounts.

11. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD:

There were no significant events after the reporting period for which provisions were not made.

12. ACQUISITION OF OWN SHARES:

The Company did not acquire any of its own shares during the year.

13. AUDITORS:

Messrs BDO Professional Services have indicated their willingness to continue in office. A resolution will be proposed authorizing the Directors to determine their remuneration.

14. COMPLIANCE:

The Company did not pay any fine during the year.



Ada Nkwocha (Mrs.) Company Secretary FRC No/2018/NBA/00000018998 17th of February, 2022 11B Ilabere Avenue, Ikoyi Lagos.







For the preparation and approval of the Financial Statements

The Directors of John Holt Plc are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30th September 2021, and the results of its operation cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended, in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matter Act, 2020 the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, No. 6, 2011.

IN PR	EPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, THE DIRECTORS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR:
	Properly selecting and applying accounting policies;
	Presenting information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information;
	Providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Company's financial position and financial performance; and
	Making an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
THE D	IRECTORS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR:
	Designing, implementing and maintaining an effective and sound system of internal controls throughout the Company;
	Maintaining adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company, and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements of the Company comply with IFRS;
	Maintaining statutory accounting records in compliance with the legislation of Nigeria and IFRS; Taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Company; and
	Preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

GOING CONCERN:

The Directors have made an assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the Company will not remain a going concern in the year ahead.

Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh (Chairman)

FRC/2013/ICAN/00000001833 14th January, 2022 -FV1:

Dr. Christopher Ifesonachi Ezeh (Group Managing Director) FRC/2017/IODN/00000016475 14th January, 2022 Blehry

Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje (Finance Director) FRC/2013/ICAN/0000005141 14th January, 2022

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES



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The objective of John Holt Plc is to ensure that the business remains profitable in the best interest of all its stakeholders and in order to achieve this, policies and practices have been put in place across the Group.

JOHN HOLT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

John Holt has since its commencement of business:

- Remained committed to achieving good corporate governance;
- Continued to respect social, political and cultural traditions;
- Complied with all applicable laws and regulations;
- Put in place mechanisms to ensure that the Company conducts its business in line with global best practices;
- Taking a long-term approach to strategic decision making, which recognizes the interests of its shareholders, consumers, employees, distributors, business partners, suppliers and the society in general.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board retains full responsibilities for the overall direction and control of the Group. The Board is made up of Six (6) Directors; and their names are stated in this report. They are responsible for the Group's systems of financial internal control and for monitoring their effectiveness. They are also responsible for taking such steps as reasonably available to safeguard the assets of the group and the Group's entrepreneurial approach. This means that business risks need to be managed by applying effective controls. Management is responsible to the Board for the identification and measurement of business risks and to confirm that effective systems of control are in place and that appropriate corrective measure is taken.

Systems of internal control can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. Systems of control exercised by the Board include:

Delegating authority to management within defined areas of responsibility;

Receiving regular reports from management on financial performance and other issues.

Ensuring that a continual assessment is made of business risks, and that appropriate measures are taken to mitigate the impact of those risks;

Maintaining and directing an effective and independent Internal Audit function, and receiving reports of findings.

TRANSPARENCY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Group produces a comprehensive Annual Report and Financial Statements in compliance with Companies and Allied Matters Act. Adequate internal control procedures are put in place to ensure that the report reviews the business and provides detailed audited financial statements in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulation.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIIRECTORS IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law and accounting practice require the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the profit, or loss for the period. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required:

Corporate Governance Principles



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To ensure that accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Company and the Group, and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020;

- To select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- To make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- To state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- To prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is appropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

DECLARATION

The Directors consider that, in preparing the financial statements on pages 28 to 72 they have used appropriate accounting policies, that these policies have been consistently applied except for those changes that have been explained, that the financial standards have been prepared using reasonable and prudent judgment and estimates, and all applicable accounting standard have been followed. Having made appropriate inquiries, the Directors are satisfied that the accounts should be prepared on a going concern basis.

BOARD MEMBERS AND ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS HELD IN 2020/2021

NAMES	NO. OF MEETINGS HELD	NO. OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Chief C. I. Ezeh	4 6	4
Mr. Paul Newns	4	2*
Mr. Adeche B. Okeje	40	4
Mr. David Parmley	4	4
Mr. Sheriff Yussuf	4	4
Dr. Christopher Ezeh	4	4
Mr. Adimubua Jibunoh	4	3*

Board meetings were held on the 28th September 2020, 28th January 2021, 27th May 2021 and 28th July 2021.

Late Paul Newns was not able to attend the Board meeting of 27th May 2021 and 28th July 2021 due to health challenges.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing the remuneration of executives and determination of specific remuneration packages for the Directors.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE AUDITORS

The auditors are responsible for forming an independent opinion based on their audit of the financial statements that have been presented by the Directors, and for reporting their opinion to the shareholders. They also have the responsibility under the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 to report to shareholders if particular requirements are not met.

Corporate Governance Principles



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These requirements are:

- That the Group has maintained proper books of accounts;
- That the financial statements are in agreement with accounting records and give the information required by the Act in the manner required;
- That the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the
 Act so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and the profit or loss of the Company and
 the Group; and
- That the auditors have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of their knowledge and beliefs were necessary for the purpose of their audit.

The auditors' opinion does not encompass the Report of the Directors. The auditors are however, required to report to members if the matters contained therein are inconsistent with the financial statements.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE STATUTORY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Group has an Audit Committee, the membership of which is composed of three shareholder representatives and three directors.

The objectives and functions of the Audit Committee as particularly described in the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 and in the Code of Corporate Governance in Nigeria require the Audit Committee among other things:

- To ascertain that the accounting policies of the Group are in accordance with legal requirements
- and agreed ethical standard.
- To review and form an opinion on the scope and planning of audit work;
- To report the opinion of the Committee to members in annual general meeting
- To keep under review the effectiveness of the Group accounting and internal control.

NAMES	MEMBER	NO. OF MEETINGS HELD	NO.OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Chief Emmanuel Olu Akanni	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Sheriff Mojirola Yussuf	Member	4	4
Mr. Paul Newns	Member	4	0
Mr. David Parmley	Member	4	4
Mr. Christopher Nwaguru	Member	4	4
Mr. Samuel Mpamugo	Member	4	4

Audit Committee meetings were held on 22nd October 2020, two meetings were held on the 22nd of December 2020 and the fourth meeting was held on the 15th of April 2021.

Late Paul Newns was not able to attend any of the meetings due to health challenges and sent hi
apologies.



WHISTLE BLOWING POLICY

In other to eliminate fraud and to achieve a robust business in the interest of all stakeholders, the company has a whistle blowing system with a zero tolerance on wrongdoing. This enables staff, suppliers and distributors to raise concern in relation to its operation and report malpractice, illegal acts or omissions by employees, and thereafter, adequate actions are followed up.

The company equally encourages its employees to always ensure the highest standards of integrity as well as compliance with all relevant laws.

SECURITIES TRADING POLICY OF JOHN HOLT PLC

The Company has a formal policy on disclosure of dealings in its Securities, that prohibits "all employees", "directors" and "related parties" from dealing in the Company's securities at certain times.

The provisions of the policy are based on terms no less exacting than the standards defined under the amended listing rules of the Nigerian Stock Exchange. The objectives of the policy include the following:

- (I) To enforce confidentiality against external advisers.
- (ii) To promote compliance with the provisions of the Investments and Securities Act (ISA) 2007, the Securities and Exchange Commission Code of Corporate Governance and the listing rules of the Nigerian Stock Exchange.
- (iii) To ensure that all persons to whom the policy applies (connected persons and insiders) shall notify in writing through the Company Secretary of the occurrence of all transactions conducted on their own account in the shares on the day the transaction occurred.
- (iv) To ensure that the Company maintains a record of such transactions which shall be provided to the Stock Exchange.
- (v) Ensure that the Company's employees and directors comply with utmost secrecy and confidentiality on all information which they receive as a result of their position in the company.

The policy has been communicated to all persons to whom it applies including employees, directors and related parties. It has also been posted on the Company's website, while mechanisms have been put in place to monitor and ensure compliance.



JOHN HOLT PLC COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company continues to ensure that it complies with all regulatory requirements as there were no contraventions during the year ended 30th September 2021

In accordance with the provisions of Section 404(7) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria, 2020, we confirm that the accounting and reporting policies of the Group are in accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical practices.

In our opinion, the scope and planning of the audit for the year ended 30th September 2021 were adequate and having reviewed the auditors' findings on management matters, we are satisfied with management's responses thereto.

Dated this 14th day of January, 2022.

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E. OluAkanni Chairman FRC/2013/ICAN/0000005472

Members of the Committee are:

1. Chief Olu Akanni	Shareholder	Chairman
2. Mr. Christopher Nwaguru	Shareholder	Member
3. Mr. Samuel Mpamugo	Shareholder	Member
4. Mr. Adimubua Renwick Jibund	oh Director	Member (Appointed - 17/02/2022)
5. Mr. David Parmley	Director	Member
6. Mr. Paul Newns	Director	Member (Deceased - 13/11/2021)
7. Mr. Sheriff Yussuf	Director	Member (Resigned - 31/12/2021)

The Company Secretary served as the Secretary to the Committee.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JOHN HOLT PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES





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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JOHN HOLT PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of John Holt Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiary Companies ("together the group") which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 30 September 2021, the consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity and consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended; and notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the consolidated and separate financial position of John Holt Plc and its Subsidiary companies as at 30 September 2021 and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by Internaltional Accounting Standards Board and in compliance with the relevant provisions of the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act No 6, 2011 and the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of this report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Nigeria, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the International Ethics Standards Board Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters relates to issues that, in our professional judgement, is of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, therefore, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when invoices are raised and not when goods are delivered and acknowledged by customers. There is possibility that revenue may be recognised when all the performance obligations have not been satisfied.

Our response

Our audit procedures included, among others the following:

- Vouched a sample of goods supplied to revenue recorded for the year
 - For a sample of goods dispatched or supplied, agreed to invoice and invoice listing.
 - For cash sales, traced cash received to cash received register.
 - For credit sales, traced sales to customer's account statement.
 - Agreed sales returns to approved credit notes.
 - Ensured that sales relates to the appropriate period.
- Confirmed revenue cycle cut-off from invoices recorded
 - Obtained details of invoices raised over one week either side of the year end.
 - Verified that the related goods were supplied and delivered in the matching accounting period.
- Confirmed existence of sales
 - Obtained and reviewed on sample basis copies of way bills acknowledged by the customers
 - Reviewed sales returns after year end.

Valuation of Investment properties

The Group and Company's investment properties were revalued by Messrs Knight Frank (Nigeria) Estate Surveyors & Valuers, Chartered Surveyors at a value of N4.94billion and N2.77billion respectively as at 30 September 2021 (2020: N4.85billion and N2.71billion). These valuations are dependent on certain key assumptions and significant judgements including capitalisation rates and fair market rents.

BDO Professional Services, a firm of Chartered Accountants registered in Nigeria, is a member of BDO International Limited, a UK Company limited by guarantee and forms part of the International BDO network of independent member firms.

Partners: E. Olaseinde Olabisi, Olugbemiga A. Akibayo, Kamar Salami, Tokunbo L. Oluyemi, Henry B. Omodigbo Gideon Adewale, Olusegun Agbana-Anibaba

BN: 170585

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JOHN HOLT PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES



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Our response

Our procedures in relation to the management's valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluation of the independent external valuers' competence, capabilities and objectivity;
- Assessing the methodologies used and the appropriateness of the key assumptions;
- Checking the accuracy and relevance of the input data used.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventory forms a significant part of the Group's assets, amounting to N416million as at 30 September 2021. Inventory is carried in the financial statements at the lower of cost and net reliable value. The net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Determination of the net reliable value requires management estimate which might be subjective. As a result, there is a risk that the carrying value of inventory may not be accurately reported particularly when the net realisable value is not properly determined.

Our response

Our audit procedures included, among others the following:

- NRV Testing

For a sample of items in inventory, we verified that the final selling price is above cost after making provision for any additional costs to completion, and costs to sell.

- for sales price checked selling prices to price lists, prior and current invoicing, etc, allowing for any normal trade and quantity discounts.
- for costs to sell reviewed computations of selling costs.
- Obtained an understanding of the reason for any item that had an NRV less than cost, and consider the need for a provision on any of such items.

- Price Test

Obtained inventory valuation report at year end

- Agreed basis of valuation to group accounting policy
- Agreed valuation report to physical inventory count report
- Selected using BDO sampling approach the inventory value for testing
- Obtained inventory ledgers for selected items
- Extracted opening inventory in quantity and value
- Obtained weighted average per unit of purchases in quantity and value
- Compared with weighted average used for valuation
- Investigated any difference noted

Responsibilities of the Directors for the consolidated and separate Financial Statements

4. The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and in compliance with the relevant provisions of the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, No 6, 2011 and the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Other Information

5. The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Chairman's statement and Directors' report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JOHN HOLT PLC AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES



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Auditors' responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated and separate Financial Statements

6. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group and Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Group and Company's financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
 - We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, and significant audit findings and any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 7. The Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 requires that in carrying out our audit we consider and report to you on the following matters. We confirm that:
- we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit
- ii) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company and its subsidiaries, and
- iii) the Company and its subsidairies' statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are in agreement with the books of account.

Lagos, Nigeria 14 January 2022 Olugbemiga A. Akibayo FRC/2013/ICAN/0000001076 For: BDO Professional Services Chartered Accountants







		Gro	up	Comp	any
	Notes	2021 N'm	2020 N'm	2021 N'm	2020 N'm
Revenue	11	1,186	1,831	1,185	1,827
Cost of sales	12	(944)	(1,461)	(941)	(1,458)
Gross profit		242	370	244	369
Other operating income	13	321	790	1,445	787
Foreign exchange loss	13(c)	(429)	(767)	(429)	(767)
Distribution expenses	14	(192)	(198)	(192)	(198)
Administrative expenses	15	(343)	(427)	(340)	(368)
(Loss)/profit from operating activities		(401)	(232)	728	(177)
Finance income Finance costs	16(i) 16(ii)	1 (153)	22 (109)	1 (153)	22 (109)
Net finance costs		(152)	(87)	(152)	(87)
(Loss)/profit before taxation	17	(553)	(319)	576	(264)
Current tax expenses	18	(4)	(149)	(4)	(23)
Deferred tax income	18	49	127		
(Loss)/profit for the year		(508)	(341)	572	(287)
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		(508)	(341)	572 -	(287)
		(508)	(341)	572	(287)
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to the					
ordinary equity holders of the parent (Kobo)	19	(130.26)	(87.44)	146.67	(73.59)

The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to 72 form an integral part of these financial statements





		Grou	ıp	Comp	any
	Notes	2021 N'm	2020 N'm	2021 N'm	2020 N'm
(Loss)/profit after taxation		(508)	(341)	572	(287)
Other comprehensive income: Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment net of tax Items that may be reclassified subsequently	35(ii)	53	4	40	1
to profit or loss					
Total other comprehensive income		53	4	40	1
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	G	(455)	(337)	612	(286)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:	79°,	U			
Owners of the parent		(455)	(337)	612	(286)
Non-controlling interest	OK	(455)	(337)	612	(286)

The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to 72 form an integral part of these financial statements





		Gro	up	Comp	oany
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Assets	Notes	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	20	1,859	1,740	889	785
Investment properties	21	3,295	3,270	2,093	2,082
Assets under finance lease	22	9	12	9	12
Investment in subsidiaries	24	-	-	21	25
Investment in Associate Company	24(iii)	199	-	199	-
Financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss	25(ii)	37	5_	37	5
Total non-current assets		5,399	5,027	3,248	2,909
Current assets					
Inventories	27	416	453	416	453
Trade and other receivables	28	1,503	1,713	1,503	1,712
Cash and cash equivalents	29	224	487	224	487
Due from related party	33(iv)	3,386	2,823	3,408	2,866
Total current assets		5,529	5,476	5,551	5,518
Liabilities			.0		
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	30	2,271	1,621	1,965	1,520
Loans and borrowings	31	753	938	753	938
Employee benefits	32(i)	39	44	39	44
Taxation payable	18(ii)	644	645	34	35
Due to associate company	33(ii)	24	24	24	24
Total current liabilities	7(0)	3,731	3,272	2,815	2,561
Net current assets	11/	1,798	2,204	2,736	2,957
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred taxation	23	241	284	4	-
Loans and borrowings	31	24	-	24	
Due to related parties	33(iii)	4,923	4,483	5,278	5,800
Total non-current liabilities		5,188	4,767	5,306	5,800
Net assets		2,009	2,464	678	66
Equity and reserves					
Share capital	34	195	195	195	195
Property revaluation reserve	35(i)	624	571	453	413
Revenue reserve	36	1,190	1,698	30	(542)
Total equity and reserves		2,009	2,464	678	66

The consolidated financial statements on pages 28 to 72 were authorised for issue and approved by the Board of Directors on 14 January 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

i) Chief C.I Ezeh

FRC/2013/ICAN/0000001833

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Chairman

ii) Dr. Christopher Ezeh

FRC/2017/IODN/00000016475

Group Managing Director

iii) Mr. Adeche Okeje

FRC/2013/ICAN/0000005141

Mum

Finance Director

The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to 72 form an integral part of these financial statements



Group **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021** CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY JOHN HOLT PLC

At 1 October 2020

Loss for the year

Other comprehensive income

Surplus on revaluation of property (Note 35) Total comprehensive loss for the year

Dividend paid during the year Contributions by and distributions to owners:

Total contributions by and distributions to owners

At 30 September 2021

At 1 October 2019

Other comprehensive income Loss for the year

Fair value loss on available-for-sale financial assets (Note 25 (ii)) Surplus on revaluation of property (Note 35)

Total comprehensive loss for the year

Contributions by and distributions to owners:

Dividend paid during the year

At 30 September 2020 Total contributions by and distributions to owners

	Issued share	Revaluation	Revenue	Total
	capital	reserve	reserve	equity
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
	195	571	1,698	2,464
	•		(508)	(508)
		53	•	53
31		53	(508)	(455)
ners:	ı	i	ı	ı
o owners				
6	195	624	1,190	2,009
	195	567	2,039	2,801
100	-	-	(341)	(341)
	1	4	•	4
al assets (Note 25 (ii))	-		•	
		4	(341)	(337)
ners:	•			
o owners				
	195	571	1,698	2,464

72 form an integral part of these financial statements The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to





Company

At 1 October 2020

Profit for the year

Surplus on revaluation of property (Note 35) Other comprehensive income:

Contributions by and distributions to owners:

Dividend paid during the very Total other comprehensive income for the year

Dividend paid during the year

Total contributions by and distributions to owners

At 1 October 2019 At 30 September 2021

Loss for the year

Other comprehensive income:

Surplus on revaluation of property (Note 35)

Total other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year

Dividend paid during the year Contributions by and distributions to owners:

At 30 September 2020 Total contributions by and distributions to owners

66	(542)	413	195	
	 	 		owners
				ers:
(286)	(287)			for the year
_				
(287)	(287)			O
352	(255)	412	195	
678	30	453	195	o de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell
				owners
				lers
612	572	40		year
40		40		
572	572			
equity N'm	reserve N'm (542)	reserve N'm 413	capital N'm	
Total	Revenue	Revaluation	lection chare	

72 form an integral part of these financial statements

The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to

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		Gro	up	Com	oany
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Note	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from customers		1,455	1,603	1,454	1,598
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,316)	(2,640)	(1,315)	(1,408)
Input VAT		42	22	42	22
Output VAT		(46)	(26)	(46)	(26)
Tax paid	18(ii)	(5)	(21)	(5)	(9)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	39	130	(1,062)	130	177
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	20	(80)	(60)	(80)	(57)
Additions to assets under finance lease	22	-	(14)	-	(14)
Net proceeds from disposal of investment properties		_	1,382	-	140
Interest received on fixed deposits	16(i)	_ 1	22	1	22
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		40 -	9	<u> </u>	9
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities		(79)	1,339	(79)	100
Cash flows from financing activities		0			
Import finance facilities obtained	31(i(b))	_	2,045	_	2,045
Finance lease facility obtained	31(iii(a))	45	_,0 .5	45	_,o .o
Repayment of import finance facilities	31(i(b))	(337)	(1,802)	(337)	(1,802)
Repayment of finance leases	31(iii(a))	(22)	(21)	(22)	(21)
Repayment of other facilities	31(ii(a))		(18)		(18 <u>)</u>
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities		(314)	204	(314)	204
,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(263)	481	(263)	481
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	r	487	6	487	6
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	29	224	487	224	487

The accompanying explanatory notes on pages 34 to 69 and other national disclosures on pages 70 to 72 form an integral part of these financial statements



1 Corporate information and principal activities

The following new or amended accounting standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not mandatory for financial year ended 30 September 2021. They have not been adopted in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021 and are not expected to affect the Group in the period of initial application. In all cases the Group intends to apply these standards from application date as indicated in the table below:

The principal activities of the group are the assembly, sale, leasing and servicing of power and cooling equipment; sale and servicing of fire fighting vehicles and equipment; boat building, sale and servicing of marine equipment; marine transport; warehousing and distribution services; property services and construction.

Its registered office is at Plot 1609, Adeola Hopewell Street, Victoria Island, Lagos.

2 Basis of preparation

a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14 January 2022.

b. Basis of measurement

The group financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- Investment property is measured at fair value
- Leasehold land and buildings are measured at revalued amounts
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

c. Functional and presentation currency

The Company and group functional and presentation currency is the Nigerian Naira. The financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira and have been rounded up to the nearest million except where otherwise stated.

d. Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

3. New standards, amendments and interpretation effective from 1 January 2020

- (i) New standards that have been adopted in the annual financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021, but have not had a significant effect on the Group are:
 - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and
 - IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors (Amendment Disclosure Initiative Definition of Material); and
 - Revisions to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting.
 - Definition of a Business (Amendments to IFRS 3);
 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform IBOR 'phase 2' (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7); and
 - COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendments to IFRS 16).



PDFelement

(ii) New standards, amendments and interpretation issued but not yet adopted by the Group

The following new or amended accounting standards and interpretations have been issued, but are not mandatory for financial year ended 30th September 2021.

They have not been adopted in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2021 and are not expected to affect the Group in the period of financial application. In all cases the Group intends to apply these standards in the accounting periods to which the application dates as indicated in the table below are applicable:

are applicable:		Date Issued by	
Standard/Interpretation		IASB	Effective Date
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	14 May 2020	1 January 2022
Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, IFRS 16 and IAS 41	Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	14 May 2020	1 January 2022
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	14 May 2020	1 January 2022
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	14 May 2020	1 January 2022
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	23 January 2020	1 January 2023
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	18 May 2017	1 January 2023
IFRS 10 and IAS 28 amendment	Sale or Contribution of assets between an investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	11 September 2014	Deferred indefinitely

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021



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4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Group makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

i) Income and deferred taxation

John Holt Plc and its subsidiary companies annually incur amounts of income taxes payable, and also recognise changes to deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, all of which are based on management's interpretations of applicable laws and regulations. The quality of these estimates is highly dependent upon management's ability to properly apply at times a very complex sets of rules, to recognise changes in applicable rules and, in the case of deferred tax assets, management's ability to project future earnings from activities that may apply loss carry forward positions against future income taxes.

ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The group assesses assets or groups of assets for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amounts of those assets may not be recoverable. In assessing whether a write-down of the carrying amount of a potentially impaired asset is required, the asset's carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount. Frequently, the recoverable amount of an asset proves to be the company's estimated value in use.

The estimated future cash flows applied are based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and represent management's best estimates of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the cash flow generating assets.

iii) Legal proceedings

The Group reviews outstanding legal cases following developments in the legal proceedings and at each reporting date, in order to assess the need for provisions and disclosures in its financial statements. Among the factors considered in making decisions on provisions are the nature of litigation, claim or assessment, the legal process and potential level of damages in the jurisdiction in which the litigation, claim or assessment has been brought, the progress of the case (including the progress after the date of the financial statements but before those statements are issued), the opinions or views of legal advisers, experience on similar cases and any decision of the Group's management as to how it will respond to the litigation, claim or assessment.

5 Consolidation

i) Subsidiaries

The financial statements of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the Company acquires control, up to the date that such effective control ceases. For the purpose of these financial statements, subsidiaries are entities over which the Company, directly or indirectly, has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Company. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity instruments issued by the group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.



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Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Investment in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the parent entity is measured at cost.

iii) Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

iv) Disposal of subsidiaries

On loss of control, the Company derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Company retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, that retained interest is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

6 Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial statements.

(a) Going concern

The directors assess the Company's and its subsidiaries' future performance and financial position on a going concern basis and have no reason to believe that the Company will not be a going concern in the year ahead. For this reason, these financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern.

(b) Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's presentation currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non -monetary items that are measured in terms of cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the end of the period.

(c) Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sales of goods and services, in the ordinary course of the Group's activities and is stated net of value-added tax (VAT), rebates and discounts.

i) Identification of contract with customers

Contract with customers is established when sales or job order is received from the customers by the Company having mutually agreed on the terms and conditions of the contract.

ii) Performance obligation and timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of goods and services has transferred, being when the products are picked up or delivered to customers. In the case of services, when the services have been accepted by the customers. Delivery occurs when the products have been picked up by customers or moved to the specific location and the control has been transferred and evidence of delivery received from the Customers and the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. No sales are reported if control of the goods and services has not been transferred to the customers.



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iii) Determining the transaction price

Most of the Group's revenue is derived from fixed price contract and the amount of revenue to be earned from each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices. The Group has full discretion over the price to sell the products.

iv) Allocating amounts to performance obligation

For most contracts, there is a fixed unit price for each of the products sold. There is no judgement involved in allocating the contact price to each unit ordered in such contract (It is the total contract price divided by the number of units ordered). Where a Customer orders more than one product, the Group is able to determine the split of the total contract price between each product by referencing to each product's stand alone selling price (All products are capable of being, and are, sold separately).

iv) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a time proportion of the lease terms.

v) Finance income and finance costs

Net finance cost includes interest expense on borrowings as well as interest income on funds invested.

Net finance cost also includes other finance income and expense, such as exchange differences on loans and borrowings and unwinding of the discount on provisions.

Foreign currency gains and losses are reported on a net basis.

vi) Other income

This comprises profit from sale of financial assets, profit from sale of property, plant and equipment, profit from sale of scraps and impairment loss no longer required, changes in fair value of non financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Income arising from disposal of items of financial assets, property, plant and equipment and scraps is recognised at the time when transactions are finalised and ownership transferred by the Group. The profit on disposal is calculated as the difference between the net proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets. The Group recognised impairment no longer required as other income when the Group received cash on an impaired receivable or when the value of an impaired investment increased and the investment is realisable.

(d) Expenditure

Expenditures are recognised as they accrue during the course of the year. Analysis of expenses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income is presented in classification based on the function of the expenses as this provides information that is reliable and more relevant than their nature.

The Group classifies it expenses as follows:

- Cost of sales;
- Selling and Distribution expenses;
- Administration expenses;
- Finance costs.

(e) Income tax expenses

Income tax expense comprises current income tax, education tax and deferred tax. (See note 'w' on Income taxes).

(f) Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.



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(g) Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost (or revalued amount for leasehold land and buildings) less subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of property plant and equipment includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as a separate item of property, plant and equipment and are depreciated accordingly. Subsequent costs and additions are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the profit or loss component of the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method on the following bases:

	%
Leasehold land	-
Leasehold buildings	2
Computers	33 ¹ / ₃
Plant and equipment	10
Motor vehicles	25
Marine vessels	25
Furnitures and fittings	10
Air-conditioners	16 ² /3
Outboard engines	25

Lease assets Period of operating lease down to a transfer value

Major overhaul expenditure, including replacement spares and labour costs, is capitalised and amortised over the average expected life between major overhaul.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss component of the statement of comprehensive income within 'Other income' in the year that the asset is derecognised.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(h) Investment Properties

An investment property is an investment in land or building held primarily for generating income or capital appreciation and not occupied substantially for use in the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries. Also, qualify as an investment property are the land held for a currently undetermined use that is the Group has not determined that it will use the land as owner-occupied property or for short term sale in ordinary course of business, and a building that is vacant but held to be leased out under one or more operating leases.

Investment properties are carried in the statement of financial position at their market value and revalued at regular interval on a systematic basis at least once in every two years.

An external, independent valuer, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications, certified by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) of Nigeria and with recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued, values the Group's investment properties. The fair value are based on market value, being the estimated amount for which a property could be sold between market participant at a measurement date.



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An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property) is recognised in the profit or loss component of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period of the derecognition.

When the use of a property changes such that it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting. Investment properties are not subject to periodic charge for depreciation.

(i) Leases

i) Operating lease

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by another party, the lessor, are classified as operating leases. Payments, including prepayments, made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the period of the lease. When an operating lease is terminated before the lease period has expired, any payment required to be made to the lessor by way of penalty is recognised as an expense in the period in which termination takes place.

ii) Finance lease

Leases of assets where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are recognised at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in current and non current borrowings. The interest element is expensed over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

(j) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which they have separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statements, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment is treated as a revaluation increase.

(k) Financial Assets

The Group classifies its financial assets into the following categories: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and at amortised cost. The classification is determined by management based on a combination of the entity's business model for managing the assets and the instruments' contractual cash flow characteristics. The Group financial assets include investments in listed securities, loans and receivables, cash and cash equivalents.



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i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)

The Group classifies financial assets at fair value through profit or loss when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit being taken. Held-for-trading assets are recorded and measured in the statement of financial position at fair value. In addition, on initial recognition, the Group irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Changes in fair values of the financial assets, interest income and dividends are recorded in consolidated statement of profit or loss according to the terms of the contract, or when the right to payment has been established.

ii) Financial instruments measured at amortized cost

Debt instruments that meet the following criteria are measured at amortized cost (except for debt instruments that are designated at fair value through Profit or Loss (FVPL) on initial recognition):

- a) the asset held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- b) the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payment of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

iii) Reclassification of financial assets

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition apart in the exceptional circumstances in which the Compnay acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line.

iv) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment losses. The Group's loans and receivables comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

v) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment. Discounting is ignored if insignificant. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company and or its subsidiaries will not be able to collect all the amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that debtor will enter bankruptcy and default or delinquency in payment, are the indicators that a trade and other receivable is impaired. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within the administrative cost.

The amount of the impairment provision is the difference between the asset's nominal value and the recoverable value, which is the present value of estimated cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Changes to this provision are recognised under administrative costs.

When a trade receivable is uncollectable, it is written off against the provision for trade receivables.



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vi) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of statement of cash flows, cash comprises cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks and other financial institutions. Cash equivalents comprise highly liquid investments (including money market funds) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturities of three months or less being used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortised cost in the statement of financial position.

(l) Impairment of financial assets

The adoption of IFRS 9 accounting for impairment losses for financial assets by replacing IAS 39's incurred loss approach with a forward-looking expected credit loss (ECL) approach.

IFRS 9 requires the Group to record an allowance for ECLs for all debt financial assets not held at FVPL. The Group has applied the standard's simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime expected credit losses. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payment are 360 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

(m) Prepayments

Prepayments are payments made in advance relating to the future years and are recognised and carried at original amount less amounts utilised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(n) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, with appropriate provisions for old and slow moving items. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Cost is determined as follows:

i) Raw materials

Raw materials which include purchase cost and other costs incurred to bring the materials to their location and condition are valued using a standard cost reviewed from time to time in line with the trends.

ii) Work in progress

Cost of work in progress includes cost of raw materials, labour, production and attributable overheads based on normal operating capacity. Work in progress is valued using actual cost incurred to the stage of work in progress.

iii) Finished goods

Cost is determined using the standard cost and includes cost of material, labour, production and attributable overheads based on normal operating capacity.

iv) Spare parts and consumables

Spare parts which are expected to be fully utilized in production within the next operating cycle and other consumables are valued at standard cost after making allowance for obsolete and damaged inventories.

All standard costs are always adjusted to the actual costs upon the receipt of the actual invoice and the confirmation of other incidental costs. Allowance is made for obsolete, slow moving or defective items where appropriate.



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(o) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Company and its subsidiaries become a party to the contractual provisions of the liability. Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities is based on amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Group financial liabilities include: trade and other payables. Financial liabilities are presented as if the liability is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date, or if they are held for the purpose of being traded. Other financial liabilities which contractually will be settled more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as non-current.

(p) Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

- Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid or payable is recognised in income statement.

(q) Provisions

A provision is recognized only if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. The Group's provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

(r) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at their issue proceeds and subsequently stated at cost less any repayments. Transaction costs where immaterial, are recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. Where transaction costs are material, they are capitalized and amortised over the life of the loan. Interest paid on borrowing is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the period.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as finance costs in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.



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(t) Contingent liability

A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Where the group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability. The entity recognises a provision for the part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made. Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period in which the change probability occurs except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

(u) Related party transactions or insider dealings

Related parties include the related companies, the directors, their close family members and any employee who is able to exert significant influence on the operating policies of the group. Key management personnel are also considered related parties. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity. The Group considers two parties to be related if, directly or indirectly one party has the ability to control the other party or exercises significant influence over the other party in making financial or operating decisions.

Where there is a related party transactions within the group, the transactions are disclosed separately as to the type of relationship that exists within the group and the outstanding balances necessary to understand their effects on the financial position and the mode of settlement.

(v) Employee benefits

The Group operates the following contribution and benefit schemes for its employees:

i) Defined contribution pension scheme

In line with the provisions of the Nigerian Pension Reform Act, 2014, John Holt Plc has instituted a defined contributory pension scheme for its employees. The scheme is funded by fixed contributions from employees and the Company at the rate of 8% by employees and 10% by the Company of basic salary, transport and housing allowances invested outside the Company through Pension Fund Administrators (PFAs) of the employee's choice.

The Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employees' service in the current and prior periods.

The matching contributions made by John Holt Plc to the relevant PFAs are recognised as expenses when the costs become payable in the reporting periods during which employees have rendered services in exchange for those contributions. Liabilities in respect of the defined contribution scheme are charged against the profit or loss of the period in which they become payable.

Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

ii) Short-term benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations which include wages, salaries, bonuses and other allowances for current employees are measured on an undiscounted basis and recognised and expensed by John Holt Plc and the group in the income statement as the employees render such services. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short - term benefits if the group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.



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(w) Income Taxes - Company income tax and deferred tax liabilities

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income. Current income tax is the estimated income tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable results for the year. Taxable results differs from results as reported in the income statement because it includes not only items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years but it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liabilities for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base. Deferred taxes are recognized using the statement of financial position liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes (tax bases of the assets or liability). The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised.

(x) Share capital and Share premium

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Any amounts received over and above the par value of the shares issued are classified as 'share premium' in equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

(y) Dividend on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity when they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Interim dividends are deducted from equity when they are declared and no longer at the discretion of the shareholders. Dividends for the year that are approved after the statement of financial position date are disclosed as an event after the statement of financial position date.

(z) General reserve

General reserve represents amount set aside out of profits of the Group which shall at the discretion of the directors be applied to meeting contingencies, repairs or maintenance of any works connected with the business of the Group, for equalising dividends, for special dividend or bonus, or such other purposes for which the profits of the Group may lawfully be applied.

(aa) Off Statement of financial position events

Transactions that are not currently recognized as assets or liability in the statement of financial position but which nonetheless give rise to credit risks, contingencies and commitments are reported off statement of financial position. Such transactions include letters of credit, bonds and guarantees, indemnities, acceptances and trade related contingencies such as documentary credits. Outstanding unexpired commitments at the year-end in respect of these transactions are shown by way of note to the financial statements.



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(ab) Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of an interest bearing financial instrument and of allocating interest income and expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cashflows (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, translation costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instruments, or where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(ac) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the group that engages in business activities from which it can earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the company's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the Executive Deputy Chairman (being the Chief Operating Decision Maker) to make decisions about resources allocated to each segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

7 Determination of fair value

A number of the group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and /or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that assets or liabilities.

i) Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of items of leasehold land and buildings is based on depreciated replacement cost and comparison approaches. "Depreciated replacement cost" reflects the current cost of reconstructing the existing structure together with the improvements in today's market adequately depreciated to reflect its physical wear and tear, age ,functional and economic obsolescence plus the site value in its exisiting use as at the date of inspection while "Comparison Approach" is the analysis of recent sale transactions or similar properties in the neighbourhood. The figure thus arrived at represents the best price that the subsisting interest in the property will reasonably be expected to be sold if made available for sale by private treaty between market participants at a measurement date.

ii) Investment Property

An external, independent valuation company, having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location values the group's landed property. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of the valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction.

iii) Valuation of Available for sale financial assets

The fair value of investments in equity are determined with reference to their quoted closing bid price at the measurement date, or if unquoted, determined using a valuation technique.

iv) Fair value hierarchy

Fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy based on the requirements in IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosure'.

Level 1: quoted market prices: financial assets and liabilities with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2: valuation techniques using observable inputs: quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial assets and liabilities values using models where all significant inputs are observable.





Level 3: valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs: financial assets and liabilities valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable. The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an active market. In the event that the market for a financial asset or liability is not active, a valuation technique is used.

8 Financial risk management

General

Pursuant to a financial policy maintained by the Board of Directors, the Group uses several financial instruments in the ordinary course of business. The Group's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, bank overdrafts, trade and other payables, dividend payable and loans and borrowings.

The Company and its subsidiaries have exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk from services rendered on credit. It is Group policy to assess the credit risk of new customers before entering contracts.

The Management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Purchase limits are established for each customer, which represents the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the Management.

The Management determines concentrations of credit risk by quarterly monitoring the creditworthiness rating of existing customers and through a monthly review of the trade receivables' ageing analysis. In monitoring the customers' credit risk, Customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics. customers that are graded as "high risk" are placed on a restricted customer list, and future credit services are made only with approval of the Management, otherwise payment in advance is required.

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions. Banks with good reputation are accepted by the Group for business transactions.

The maximum credit risk as per statement of financial position, without taking into account the aforementioned financial risk coverage instruments and policy, consists of the book values of the financial assets as stated below:

	Group			Company	
	2021	2021 2020		2021	2020
	N'm	N'm		N'm	N'm
Trade and other receivables					
(excluding prepayments)	1,414	1,578		1,414	1,577
Due from related party	3,386	2,823		3,408	2,866
Cash and cash equivalents	224	487	<u>-</u>	224	487
,	5,024	4,888	=	5,046	4,930

As at the reporting date there is no concentration of credit risk with a particular customer.



Cash is held with the following institutions:

	Group		Group		Comp	oany
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm		
Fidelity Bank Plc	7	102	7	102		
Keystone Bank Limited	78	-	78	-		
Access Bank Plc	125	-	125	-		
Zenith Bank Plc	12	-	12	-		
Heritage Bank Plc	-	381	•	381		
Other financial institutions	2	4	2	4		
	224	487	224	487		

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity projections including available credit facilities are incorporated in the regular management information reviewed by the Board of Management. The focus of the liquidity review is on the net financing capacity, being free cash plus available credit facilities in relation to the financial liabilities. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

As a	at 30	Sep	tem	ber	2021
------	-------	-----	-----	-----	------

As at 30 September 2021					
	Book value	Contractual cashflow	One year or less	1-5 years	More than 5 years
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Loans and borrowings	777	777	753	24	-
Trade and other payables	2,271	2,271	2,271	-	-
Due to related parties	4,947	4,947	24	4,923	_
	7,995	7,995	3,048	4,947	
As at 30 September 2020			Group		
	Book value	Contractual cashflow	One year or less	1-5 years	More than 5 years
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Loans and borrowings	938	1,270	1,270	-	-
Trade and other payables	1,621	1,621	1,621	-	-
Due to related parties	4,507	4,507	24	4,483	
	7,066	7,398	2,915	4,483	

Market risk

Market risk concerns the risk that Group income or the value of investments in financial instruments is adversely affected by changes in market prices, exchange rates and interest rates. The objective of managing market risks is to keep the market risk position within acceptable boundaries while achieving the best possible return. Market risk, consists of foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

Foreign exchange risk

The functional currency of the Group is the Nigerian Naira.

Foreign exchange risk arises when the Group enters into transactions denominated in a currency other than its functional currency. The Group's policy is, where possible, to allow entities to settle liabilities denominated in its functional currency with the cash generated from its own operations in that currency. Where entities have liabilities denominated in a currency other than their functional currency (and have insufficient reserves of that currency to settle them), cash is sought for from the open market and this exposes the entities to foreign exchange risk.



In order to monitor the continuing effectiveness of this policy, the Board receives a monthly forecast, analysed by the major currencies held by the Group, of liabilities due for settlement and expected cash reserves.

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk when there are intercompany transactions with John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd, UK. These transactions are usually denominated in US dollar or Pounds (£). These cause gains or losses during the conversion. The Group also maintains domiciliary US dollar account with Fidelity Bank Plc, Access Bank Plc, Zenith Bank Plc and Keystone Bank Limited.

	Ass	sets	Lia	abilities
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm	N'm	n N'm
US dollars	63	1,997	698	758
Pounds	3,386	741	4,977	4,533

Sensitivity analysis

Analysed below is the Group's sensitivity to a 5% depreciation or appreciation in the Naira against the US dollar. The analysis shows the effect of the changes on the Group's profit before tax.

5% Depreciation in Naira against US Dollar	Gain N'm	Loss N'm	Net effect N'm
Assets	3	-	3
Liabilities	-	(35)	(35)
Net loss	3	(35)	(32)
5% Appreciation in Naira against US Dollar	Gain	Loss	Net effect
	N'm	N'm	N'm
Assets	-	(3)	(3)
Liabilities	35	<u> </u>	35
Net gain	35	(3)	32

Sensitivity analysis shows that the Group's profit before tax would have been N32 million lower or higher if the Naira had depreciated or appreciated against US Dollar by 5%.

Analysed below is the Group's sensitivity to a 5% depreciation or appreciation in the Naira against the Pounds. The analysis shows the effect of the changes on the Group's profit before tax.

Gain	Loss	Net effect
N'm	N'm	N'm
169	-	169
	(249)	(249)
169	(249)	(80)
Gain	Loss	Net effect
N'm	N'm	N'm
-	(169)	(169)
249	<u> </u>	249
249	(169)	80
	N'm 169 - 169 Gain N'm - 249	N'm N'm 169 - (249) 169 (249) Gain Loss N'm N'm - (169) 249 -

Sensitivity analysis shows that the Group's profit before tax would have been N80 million lower or higher if the Naira had depreciated or appreciated against Pounds by 5%.





Interest rate risk

The Group adopts a policy of ensuring that a significant element of its exposure to changes in interest rates on borrowings is on a fixed rate basis. This is achieved by entering into loan arrangements with mixed interest rate sources. Variable interest rates are marked against the ruling CBN interest rates to reduce the risk arising from interest rates. The effective interest rates and the maturity term profiles as at 30 September 2021 of interest-bearing loans, deposits and cash and cash equivalents are stated below:

As at 30 September 2021	Effective interest rate	one year or less	1-5 years Ove	Total	
		N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Cash and cash equivalents	6.7%	224	-	-	224
Borrowings	11.7%	753	24	-	777

Sensitivity analysis

Analysed below is the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase or decrease in the interest rate. The analysis shows the effect that 1% increase or decrease in the interest rate will have on the Group's profit before tax.

1% increase in interest rate	interest	Gain	Loss	Net effect
	rate			
	00.0	N'm	N'm	N'm
Cash and cash equivalents	7.7%	2	-	2
Borrowings	12.7%	-	(8)	(8)
Net loss	- 12.Ok	2	(8)	(5)
1% decrease in interest rate	interest rate	Gain	Loss	Net effect
		N'm	N'm	N'm
Cash and cash equivalents	5.7%	-	(2)	(2)
Borrowings	10.7%	8	-	8
Net gain		8	(2)	5

Sensitivity analysis shows that the Group's profit before tax would have been N5million lower or higher if the interest rate had increased or decreased by 1%.

Price risk

Financial instruments accounted for under assets and liabilities are cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and current and non-current liabilities. The fair value of most of the financial instruments does not differ materially from the book value.

9 Capital management

The Group monitors "adjusted capital" which comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, revenue reserve, and revaluation reserves).

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain customer, investor, creditor and market confidence and to support future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the debt to capital ratio. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividend to be paid to holders of ordinary shares. The Board of Directors seeks to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the benefits of a sound capital position. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.



Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt to adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt to adjusted capital as defined above. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents. The objective of this strategy is to secure access to finance at reasonable cost by maintaining a high credit rating.

The debt-to-adjusted-capital ratio at 30 September 2021 and at 30 September 2020 is as follows:

	Group			Comp	any
	2021	2020		2021	2020
	N'm	N'm		N'm	N'm
Loans and borrowings	777	938		777	938
Less: cash and cash equivalents	(224)	(487)		(224)	(487)
Net debt	553	451		553	451
Total equity	2,009	2,464		678	66
Debt to adjusted capital ratio					
(%)	0.28	0.18	40	0.82	6.83

The increase in the debt to adjusted capital ratio for the Group during the year resulted primarily from the decrease of N498million in total equity as a result of the loss reported for the year.



10 Segment information

i) Divisions, products and services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The group has three reportable segments as stated below, which are the group's strategic segments. The strategic segments offer different products and services, and are managed seperately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. For each of the strategic segments, the Group Managing Director (the Chief Operating Decision Maker) reviews internal management reports on a monthly basis. The following summarises the financial operations in each of the group's strategic segments.

Segment 1 - Technical Products and Leasing Services, this consists of:

- Holt Engineering
- Holt Services
- Holt Cooling
- Fire & Safety Solutions
- John Holt Assemblies

Segment 2 -Property, warehousing and central, this consists of:

- Group Head Office
- Merchandising Retail Distribution Services (MRDS)
- John Holt Investment
- JHL division
- West African Drug Company Limited
- John Holt Agricultural Engineers Limited
- JALLCO Limited
- Africa Properties (Nigeria) Limited
- Holt Engineering Limited
- HPL Limited
- Probyn Road Properties Nigeria Limited

Segment 3 - Yamaco

ii) Segment revenues and results

The following are the analyses of the Group's strategic revenues and results by reportable segments. Performance is based on segment revenue and operating profit, as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed and measured by the Group Managing Director. Segments' revenues, operating profits and return on management assets are used to measure performance as management believes that such pieces of information are the most relevant in evaluating results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries.

iii) Analysis by segments

- 30 September 2021	Technical Products and leasing Services N'm	Yamaco N'm	Property, warehousing and Central N'm	Total N'm
Revenue	863	6	317	1,186
Cost of sales	(785)	(7)	(152)	(944)
Gross profit/(loss)	78	(1)	165	242
Gross profit/(loss) percentage	9	(17)	52	20
- 30 September 2020				
Revenue	1,488	43	300	1,831
Cost of sales	(1,314)	(39)	(108)	(1,461)
Gross profit	174	4	192	370
Gross profit percentage	12	9	64	20



The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 6. Each segment bears its administrative costs and there are allocations of central administration expenses to the units. This is the measure reported to the Group Managing Director (Chief Operating Decision Maker) for the purposes of assessment of segment performance. The units interest bearing loan is managed by the Group Head Office whereas the cost of financing is apportioned on predetermined parameters as agreed by the management.

iv) Segment assets, liabilities and Equities

The following is an analysis of the Group's strategic assets, liabilities and equities by reportable segment:

Technical Products and leasing	3	warehousing	
Services N'm	Yamaco N'm	and Central N'm	Total N'm
1,156	202	9,570	10,928
(298)	(40)	(8,616)	(8,954)
858	162	954	1,974
1,495	191	8,817	10,503
(206)	(32)	(7,801)	(8,039)
1,289	159	1,016	2,464
2021	2020	2021	2020
N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
677	1,348	677	1,348
5	3	5	3
187	180	187	180
317	300	316	296
1,186	1,831	1,185	1,827
	Services N'm 1,156 (298) 858 1,495 (206) 1,289 2021 N'm 677 5 187 317	N'm N'm 1,156 202 (298) (40) 858 162 1,495 191 (206) (32) 1,289 159 2021 2020 N'm N'm 677 1,348 5 3 187 180 317 300	Services N'm Yamaco N'm and Central N'm 1,156 202 9,570 (298) (40) (8,616) 858 162 954 1,495 191 8,817 (206) (32) (7,801) 1,289 159 1,016 2021 2020 2021 N'm N'm N'm 677 1,348 677 5 3 5 187 180 187 317 300 316

The Company generated its revenue in Nigeria from the consolidation of all the divisions as stated above and all recognised at a point in time

1	2	Co	st	of	sal	es
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12 Oost of suics	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Finished goods	611	1,181	611	1,181
Spare parts	3	2	3	2
Service and repairs	178	170	178	170
Property rent and warehousing	152	108	149	105
	944	1,461	941	1,458
13 Other operating income				
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Profit on disposal of investment properties	-	1	-	1
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	6	-	6
Commission income	39	-	39	-
Intragroup balance written back (Note 13(a))	-	-	1,138	-
Foreign exchange loss absorbed by related company				
(Notes 13(b) and 33(iii))	-	767	-	767
Income from investment in Associate (Note 24(iii))	199	-	199	-
Fair value gain on financial assets FVTPL (Note 25(ii))	32	-	32	-
Income from Rack installation	14	-	14	-
Provision no longer required	12	7	12	7
Fair value gain on investment properties (Note 21)	25	9	11	6
	321	790	1,445	787





	Grou	р	Compan	ıy
	2021	2020	2021	2020
13(a) Intragroup balance written back (Note 13(a(i))	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
JALLCO Limited	-	-	1,136	-
Africa Properties Nigeria Limited	-	-	2	-
	_	-	1,138	-

The amount represents the balances in the intragroup accounts between the parent company and the subsidiary companies. This is to set off the balances standing as payable in the parent company's books and receivable balances in the subsidiary Companies.

b) In 2020, as a result of the negative effects of COVID-19 and its resulting economic downtown on the financial performance and position of John Holt Plc, the Board of Directors of the parent company, John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd (UK) resolved at its meeting of 12 November 2020 to absorb the exchange loss of N767million incurred by the Company and to write it off against the amount due to the parent company as at year end. See Note 33(iii). This is not applicable in the current year.

(c) Foreign exchange loss	N'm 429	N'm 767	N'm 429	N'm 767
14 Distribution expenses	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Employees' salaries and allowances	45	49	45	49
Security	12	12	12	12
Printing and stationery	3	3	3	3
	12	12	12	12
Travelling and accommodation Canteen and entertainment Cleaning Communication Depreciation Fuel and oil Insurance Pension Rent and service charge Repairs and maintenance Others	4	4	4	4
Cleaning	3	3	3	3
Communication	11	9	11	9
Depreciation	7	11	7	11
Fuel and oil	6	6	6	6
Insurance	6	6	6	6
Pension	6	6	6	6
Rent and service charge	54	58	54	58
Repairs and maintenance	20	16	20	16
Others		3	3	3
	192	198	192	198
15 Administrative expenses	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Employees' salaries and allowances	85	90	85	90
Security	6	6	6	6
Printing and stationery	5	6	5	6
Travelling and accommodation	21	22	21	22
Advertisement and promotion	13	6	13	6
Professional fees and expenses	26	19	26	19
Canteen and entertainment	8	7	8	7
Cleaning	5	5	5	5
Communication	13	11	13	11
Depreciation	16	26	16	26
Fuel and oil	11	11	11	11
Insurance	11	11	11	11
Directors' fees and expenses	7 10	7	7 10	7
Pension		11 71		11 71
Rent and service charge	66 19	71 20	66 19	20
Repairs and maintenance Judgement debt	19	20 23	19	23
Loss on disposal of investment properties	-	56	-	23
Allowance for impairment of investments in dormant	-	30	-	_
subsidiaries (Note 24(i))	4	_	4	_
Others	17	19	14	16
	343	427	340	368



i) Finance income interest income N'm 1 N'm 22 1 ii) Finance costs Interest expense Account maintenance fees 151 106 151 Account maintenance fees 2 3 2 153 109 153	106 3 109 2020 N'm
interest income 1 22 1 ii) Finance costs Interest expense Interest expense 151 106 151 Account maintenance fees 2 3 2 153 109 153	106 3 109
ii) <i>Finance costs</i> Interest expense 151 106 151 Account maintenance fees 2 3 2 153 109 153	106 3 109
Interest expense 151 106 151 Account maintenance fees 2 3 2 153 109 153	3 109 2020
Account maintenance fees 2 3 2 153 109 153	3 109 2020
153 109 153	109 2 020
	2020
17 (Local/profit on ordinary activities before toyotion 2024 2020 2024	
17 (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation 2021 2020 2021 This is stated after charging: N'm N'm N'm	
Directors' remuneration:	
- Fees 0.20 0.14 0.20	0.14
- Sitting allowances 1.12 0.60 1.12	0.60
	2.40
- Other directors' expenses 6.00 6.00 6.00	6.00
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment:	
- owned assets 19 20 19	20
- leased assets 1 3 1	3
- Assets under finance lease 3 14 3	14
Audit fees 9 9 9	9
18 Taxation	
i) Per statement of profit or loss N'm N'm N'm	N'm
Income tax 4 14 4	9
Education tax	-
Capital gain tax - 135 -	14
Current tax expense 4 149 4	23
Deferred tax income (Note 23) (49)	
<u>(45)</u> <u>22</u> <u>4</u>	23





2024

2020

		Grou	р	Compar	ıy
		2021	2020	2021	2020
ii) Per statement of	financial position	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Opening balance	- Income tax	197	198	5	5
	- Education tax	7	7	6	6
	- Capital gain tax	441	312	24	10
Payments during th	he year - Income tax	(5)	(15)	(5)	(9)
	 Education tax 	-	-	-	-
	- Capital gain tax	-	(6)	-	-
Charge for the yea	r - Income tax	4	14	4	9
	- Education tax	-	-	-	-
	- Capital gain tax		135	-	14
		644	645	34	35

- (a) The charge for taxation has been computed in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Income Tax Act, CAP C21, LFN 2004 (as amended) and the Education Tax Act, CAP E4, LFN 2004 (as amended).
- (b) Deferred taxation is computed using the liability method.

iii) Reconciliation of tax charge

The income tax expense for the Company for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit/(loss) as per the statement of profit or loss as follows:

70, 70	2021 N'm	2020 N'm
Profit/(loss) before tax	576	(264)
Tax at the statutory corporation tax rate of 30% (2020:30%)	173	(79)
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation	(358)	(234)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	137	241
Balancing charge	-	2
Adjusted loss	48	70
Minimum tax	4	9
Education tax @ 2% of assessable profit	-	-
Capital gains tax	-	14
Deferred tax provisions	<u> </u>	-
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	4	23
Effective rate (%)	0.7	(8.7)

The tax rate used for 2021 and 2020 reconciliation above is the corporate tax rate of 30% and tertiary education tax at 2% payable by corporate entities in Nigeria on taxable profits under tax law in the country, for the year ended 30 September 2021.

19 Basic (loss)/earnings per share

(Loss)/profit for the year (Nm)	(508)	(341)	572	(287)
Number of shares (million)	390	390	390	390
(Loss)/earnings per share (kobo)	(130.26)	(87.44)	146.67	(73.59)

Basic (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net result attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	_
h	_
v	

At 30 September 2021

At 1 October 2020 Charge for the year On disposals At 30 September 2020

Carrying amount:
At 30 September 2021
At 30 September 2020

At 1 October 2019	Cost/valuation	ii) Company
-------------------	----------------	-------------

Act occuper 2019
Additions
Disposals
Revaluation surplus (Note 3)
At 30 September 2020
At 1 October 2020

Disposals Revaluation surplus (Note 35) At 30 September 2021 Additions

At 30 September 2021

Depreciation
At 1 October 2019
Charge for the year
On disposals

35) 401 401 401 401 401	land buildings	eased	venicles	equipment	and	equipment	Condi-	WORK IN	
					fittings		tioners	progress	
	m N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	M,W	N'm
)1 227	109	212	23	14	264	24	53	1,327
			38	ω	1	14	2		57
	•	(23)	•			(7)	•		(30)
	- -	•	ı						_
)1 228	86	250	26	14	271	26	53	1,355
)1 228	86	250	26	14	271	26	53	1,355
	-	7	23	_	ω	39	7		80
				•	ı				
	-		1	•	1	•	•	ı	44
44.	15 228	93	273	27	17	310	33	53	1,479
44.		O	2						
44.	1	102	210	18	10	216	18		574
44.		ω	1	4	<u></u>	13	_	•	23
44.		(20)		-		(7)			(27)
44.		85	211	22	11	222	19		570
44.		85	211	22	<u> </u>	222	19		570
44.	1	_	4	4	_	∞	2		20
44.			1	ı	ī		ı	ı	
44!	1	86	215	26	12	230	21		590
44									
	15 228	7	58	1	5	80	12	53	889
401)1 228	_	39	4	ω	49	7	7 53 785	785



iii) Valuation of properties

Leasehold land and buildings were professionally valued as at 30 September 2021 by Messrs Knight Frank (Nigeria) Estate Surveyors & Valuers, Chartered Surveyors under the signature of ESV Sunny Akpodiogaga with Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria (FRCN) registration number FRC/2013/NIESV/00000000655 on market value basis using the Depreciated Replacement Cost Approach. The valuation produced a surplus of N44million (2020: N1million) which has been credited to property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve.

iv) Assets pledged as security

The Company has some of its assets pledged as security for liabilities or loans. See details in Note 31(b)(i).

v) Capital commitment

The Group had no commitments for capital expenditure as at the statement of financial position date (2020: Nil) and no borrowing cost was capitalised in the current year (2020: Nil).

vi) There were no impairment losses recognized during the year (2020: Nil).

21 Investment properties	G	iroup	Со	Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020		
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm		
At 1 October	3,270	4,698	2,082	2,215		
Additions	-	-	-	-		
Disposal	-	(1,437)	-	(139)		
Fair value gain on revaluation (Note 13)	25	9	11	6		
At 30 September	3,295	3,270	2,093	2,082		

i) Investment properties comprise of land held currently by the Group for capital appreciation and buildings held for lease. All the properties are located in Nigeria.

ii) Items of income and expense

During the year N317million (2020: N300million) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in relation to rental income from the investment properties. Direct operating expenses, including repairs and maintenance, arising from investment property that generated rental income amounted to N152million (2020: N108million).

iii) Restrictions and obligations

There were no restrictions on the realisability of investment property or the remittance of income and proceeds of disposal at 30 September 2021 except the lien on the properties used as collateral listed in Note 31(b). There are currently no obligations to reconstruct or develop the existing investment properties. At 30 September 2021, there was no contractual obligation to purchase investment property.

iv) Valuation of the investment properties

Leasehold land and buildings were revalued by Messrs Knight Frank (Nigeria) Estate Surveyors & Valuers, Chartered Surveyors who hold a recognised and relevant professional qualification, and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued. The valuation was carried out on current open market valuation basis. The valuation produced a fair value gain of N25million (2020:N9 million).

v) Fair value hierarchy

'Open market basis', the valuation technique used in the determination of the fair value of Investment properties as at the reporting date is unobservable and categorised under level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.



	Gro	up	Company		
22 Assets under finance lease	2021 N'm	2020 N'm	2021 N'm	2020 N'm	
Cost					
At 1 October	80	69	80	69	
Additions	-	14	-	14	
Disposals		(3)		(3)	
At 30 September	80	80	80	80	
Depreciation					
At 1 October	68	57	68	57	
Charge for the year	3	14	3	14	
Disposals		(3)		(3)	
At 30 September	71	68	71	68	
Carrying amount					
At 30 September	9	12	9	12	

i) The group's assets under finance lease are those assets acquired by the Company with facilities from Banks. The assets are used as securities for the facilities. See Notes 20 and 31(iii).

23 Deferred taxation	Grou	Compa	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
At 1 October	284	411	-	-
Write back for the year (Note 18(i))	(49)	(127)		
At 30 September	235	284	-	-
On revaluation suplus (Note	6		4	
	241	284	4	

- i) Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a tax rate of 30% (2020: 30%) and capital gain tax at the rate of 10% on fair value gains on investment properties and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment (2020:10%).
- ii) The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Company and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting year:





Details of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities:

Details of deferred tax (assets)/flabilities.				
	Opening	Recog-	Recogn	Closing
	balance	nised in	i-sed	balance
	as at 1	net	in OCI	at 30
	October	income		Septemb
	2020			er 2021
Deferred Tax Liabilities	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Difference between Carrying Value and TWDV	-	130	-	130
Unrealised exchange gains	-	375	-	375
Gain on fair value of investment properties	-	209	-	209
Revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment	-	-	4	4
Total	-	714	4	718
Deferred Tax Assets				
Gratuity provision	-	-	-	-
Unutilised fiscal allowances	-	951	-	951
Fiscal losses	-	1,288	-	1,288
Unrealised exchange loss	-	474	-	474
Total	-	2,713	-	2,713
Net deferred tax assets	-	(1,999)	4	(1,995)

The movement in deferred tax assets of N1.999billion was not recognised in the financial statements because the Director are of the opinion that there is probability that the Company may not be able to utilised the assets in the forseeable future.

	Grou	Group		any
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
24 Investments in subsidiary companies	40,70.			
i) Africa Property (Nig.) Limited	(0, 10;	-	1.2	1.2
Holt Engineering Limited	-	-	1.6	1.6
HPL Limited	△ -	-	1.2	1.2
JALLCO Limited	-	-	12.0	12.0
John Holt Agric. Engineers Limited	-	-	2.5	2.5
John Holt Construction Limited	-	-	5.0	5.0
Probyn Road Properties (Nig.) Limited	-	-	0.6	0.6
West African Drug Company Limited	<u>-</u> _		0.9	0.9
	-	-	25	25
Allowance for impairment of investments in dormar	nt			
subsidiaries (Note 15)	<u> </u>		(4)	
	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	21	25

ii) The summary of the financial position of the subsidiary companies is as follows:

	West African Drug Company Limited	John Holt Constru ction Limited	Engin ee- ring	HPL Limited	JALLCO Limited	•	Africa Proper- ties (Nig.) Ltd	John Holt Agric. Engi- neers Ltd
As at 30 September 2021	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Total assets	720	5	-	-	1,016	-	786	-
Total liabilities	(50)	-	-	(1)	(996)	-	(109)	(16)
Equity	670	5	-	(1)	20	-	677	(16)
Percentage holding	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100





	West African Drug Company Limited	John Holt Constru ction Limited	ee- ring	HPL Limited	JALLCO Limited	•	Africa Proper- ties (Nig.) Ltd	John Holt Agric. Engi- neers Ltd
As at 30 September 2020	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Total assets	707	5	-	-	1,970	-	781	-
Total liabilities	(101)	-	-	(1)	(819)	-	(106)	(16)
Equity	606	5	-	(1)	1,151	-	675	(16)
Percentage holding	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
			Group			C	Company	,
		2021		2020		2021		2020
		N'm		N'm		N'm		N'm
iii) Investment in Associate Company	<u>-</u>	199	_		_	199	_	

Investment in Associate Company represents the value 40% holdings of John Holt Plc in Capital Tractors Limited which is currently a dormant Company. The remaining 60% interest is owned by John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd (UK).

The N199million represents the Company's 40% interest in the net assets of Capital Tractors Limited.

	Grou	ip C	Compa	any
25 Financial assets	2021	2020	2021	2020
i) - at fair value through profit or loss	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Quoted Investments - Cost:				
United Bank for Africa Plc	410	1	1	1
Stanbic IBTC Holdings Plc	0 1	1	1	1
Nigerian Exchange Limited	0 - 0	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	
	2	2	2	2
ii) The fair value of these financial assets as at the report	ting date is as fol	low:		
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Market value at the beginning of the year	5	5	5	5
Fair value gain during the year (Note 13 & 25(iii))	32	<u>-</u>	32	
Market value at the end of the year	37	5	37	5
				

- (iii) During the year, the Company was allotted 2,441,274 shares by Nigerian Exchange Limited. The fair value gain reported for the year is the value of the shares at N13.17 per share at the end of the financial year.
- (iv) The financial assets fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) represent the Group's investments in listed securities on the Nigerian Stock Exchange. The investment is carried at fair value based on current bid price on the Nigerian Stock Exchange.

26 Fair value hierarchy	Group		Company		
i) Group:	2021	2020	2021	2020	
30 September 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or loss				fair	
Quoted equity securities	37	-	-	37	
Unquoted equity securities					
Balance at the end of the year	37			37	
30 September 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Available-for-sale financial assets				fair	
Quoted equity securities	5	-	-	5	
Unquoted equity securities			<u> </u>		
Balance at the end of the year	5			5	





	Gre	oup	Comp	any
ii) Company:	2021	2020	2021	2020
30 September 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair
Financial Assets at fair value through profit or lo	oss			
Quoted equity securities	37	-	-	37
Unquoted equity securities				
Balance at the end of the year	37	-		37
30 September 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Quoted equity securities	5	-	-	5
Unquoted equity securities				
Balance at the end of the year	5			5
	Gr	oup	Comp	any

	Grou	ıb	Company		
27 Inventories	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Finished goods	423	476	423	476	
Work- in- progress	20	4	20	4	
	443	480	443	480	
Provision for obsolescence	(27)	(27)	(27)	(27)	
	416	453	416	453	

(i) Inventories include generators, air-conditioners, boats, fire safety equipment and fire trucks being held for sale in the ordinary course of the business.

N'm

N'm

N'm

N'm

- (ii) The carrying amount of the inventories is the lower of costs and net realisable values as at the reporting date.
- (iii) None of the Company's inventory is pledged as securities for borrowings as at the reporting date.

28 Trade and other receivables

	IN III	IN III	IN III	IN III
i) Trade receivables	79	347	79	347
Allowance for impairment of trade receivables	(17)	(16)	(17)	(16)
Trade receivables - net	62	331	62	331
Advances to staff	1	9	1	9
Total financial assets other than cash and cash				
equivalents classified as receivables	63	340	63	340
Prepayments	89	135	89	135
Other receivables - net (Note 28(ii))	1,351	1,238	1,351	1,237
	1,503	1,713	1,503	1,712
ii) Other receivables	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Withholding tax receivables	1,814	1,783	1,814	1,783
Other debit balances	177	95	177	94
	1,991	1,878	1,991	1,877
Provision for withholding tax receivables (Note 28(iii))	(640)	(640)	(640)	(640)
	1,351	1,238	1,351	1,237





	Gro	oup	Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
iii) Provision for withholding tax receivables	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
At 1 October	640	640	640	640	
Additions					
At 30 September	640	640	640	640	
29 Cash and cash equivalents	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Cash at bank	224	487	224	487	
As per statement of financial position	224	487	224	487	
Bank overdrafts used for cash management purposes		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	
As per statement of cashflows	224	487	224	487	
30 Trade and other payables	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Trade payables	103	9	103	9	
Accruals and provisions	1,398	1,136	1,297	1,041	
Deferred revenue (Note 32 (ii))	552	259	352	259	
Total financial liabilities, excluding loans and					
borrowings, classified as financial liabilities					
measured at amortised cost	2,053	1,404	1,752	1,309	
Due to staff	119	120	119	120	
Other payables	99	97	94	91	
	<u>2,271</u>	1,621	1,965	1,520	
31 Loans and borrowings	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Current	~O~ ~(
Bank loans (Note 31(i)(b))	738	926	738	926	
Finance lease (Note 31 (iii)(b))	15	12	15	12	
	753	938	<u>753</u>	938	
Non-Current	2.1		2.4		
Finance lease (Note 31 (iii(b)))	24	-	24		
Total loans and borrowings	<u>777</u>	938	<u>777</u>	938	

(i) Fidelity Bank Plc - Import Finance Facilities

The Company has the following multiple credit facilities with Fidelity Bank Plc as at 30 September 2021.

(a) Confirmation Line Facility/Import Overdraft of USD 3million only or its Naira equivalent, N1.080billion at N360/1USD payable in 365 days with up to 150 days clean up cycle to facilitate the importation of the Company's products through letters of credit. The facility bears interest at 4% pre-negotiation and LIBOR plus 5.5% post negotiation for foreign currency(FCY) and 15% per annum for Local currency(LCY). Utilisation was USD1,781,841 (2020: USD2,144,964) in foreign currency and nil (2020: 105million) in local currency.

	Group		Comp	oany
(b) Import Finance Facilities	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
At 1 October	926	579	926	579
Additions during the year	-	2,045	-	2,045
Accrued interest in the year	149	104	149	104
Repayments during the year	(337)	(1,802)	(337)	(1,802)
⁻ At 30 September	738	926	738	926



The facilities are secured by:

- Corporate guarantee of John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Limited, United Kingdom supported by Board resolution authorizing the issuance of the Corporate Guarantee
- Legal mortgage on property located at Suleja
- Legal mortgage on property located at Akure Oke Igbo Road, Ondo Legal mortgage on property located at 28, Borokiri Layout Port-Harcourt
- Legal mortgage on property located at 20, Beach Road Jos
- Legal mortgage on property located at Plot 9, Bank Road, Kaduna
- Legal mortgage on property located at 71, Mission Road Benin
- Legal mortgage on Mobil Station 47b, Oba Adebimpe, New Court Road Ibadan
- Legal mortgage on property located at 4, Lagos Street, Kano
- Legal mortgage on property located at 1/6, Paracea Beach, Calabar
- Legal mortgage on property located at 47, New Court Road Ibadan
- Legal mortgage on property located at No 1, Marine Road Onitsha
- Irrevocable letter of domiciliation from contract principals
- Clause "A" marine insurance over imported equipment brokered by FSL Insurance Brokers with Fidelity Bank noted as
- first loss payee.

Lien on shipping documents, to be released upon arrival of imported equipment.

Charge over the vehicles to be financed by the Bank

ii) The Company obtained loan of N17million from a business partner for 90 days with a maturity date of 4 October 2019. The loan bore interest at 16% per annum payable upfront with the option to pre-liquidate without penalty. The loan was fully settled in 2020.

	Grou	p	Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
a) At 1 October	00,	17	-	17	
Additions during the year	10	-	-	-	
Accrued interest in the year	Notion	1	-	1	
Repayments during the year	-	(18)	<u> </u>	(18)	
At 30 September	Q <u>~</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		

iii) Fidelity Bank Plc-Lease Finance Facility

The balance of N39million represents the outstanding balance in respect of the N45million Lease Finance Facility granted by Fidelity Bank Plc during the year to finance the purchase of various vehicles deployed to service the needs of the Company. The outstanding balance of the facility is payable in 40 months. The facility bore interest at 15% per annum at the statement of financial position date.

The facility is secured by the vehicles purchased with the facility.

a) Finance lease At 1 October	N'm 12	N'm 29	N'm 12	N'm 29
Additions during the year	45	-	45	-
Accrued interest in the year	4	4	4	4
Repayments during the year	(22)	(21)	(22)	(21)
At 30 September	39	12	39	12
b) The finance lease is further broken down into:				
Current	15	12	15	12
Non-Current	24	<u> </u>	24	
	39	12	39	12
32 Employee benefits	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Defined contribution plan (Note 32(i))	39	44	39	44
i) Defined contribution plan	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
At 1 October	44	58	44	58
Contributions during the year	32	38	32	38
Remittances during the year	(37)	(52)	(37)	(52)
At 30 September	39	44	39	44



ii) Defined benefit plan

Defined benefit plan was discontinued effective 30 September 2015. Consequently the balance in the account was reclassified to current liabilities as amount due to staff as at 30 September 2016 as disclosed in note 30 to these financial statements. As at 30 September 2021 the balance due to staff was N119 million (2020: N120million).

33 Related party transactions

(i) Related parties include the Board of Directors, their close family members and companies which are controlled by these individuals.

John Holt Plc is a subsidiary of John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd, United Kingdom which holds 51.46% of its issued share capital.

During the year, the Company carried out transactions with its parent Company and other related companies in the ordinary course of business.

The following balances resulted from transactions carried out with related parties during the year:

	Gro	up	Comp	any	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Due from related party(Note 33 (iv))	3,386	2,823	3,408	2,866	
Due to related parties:			<u> </u>		
 Due within one year from the end of the reporting period: 		10			
Due to Associate Company (Note 33 (ii))	24	24	24	24	
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
 Due after one year from the end of the reporting period: 	70, 4				
Due to related party (Note 33 (iii))	4,923	4,483	5,278	5,800	
_/(0	Gro	up	Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
ii) Due to Associate Company	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
YMNL Limited	24	<u>24</u>	24	24	
iii) Due to related parties					
John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd (UK)	4,923	5,250	4,923	5,250	
Foreign exchange loss absorbed (Notes 13 and 13(b))		(767)	<u> </u>	(767)	
	4,923	4,483	4,923	4,483	
Subsidiary companies			1,493	1,317	
	4,923	4,483	6,416	5,800	
Debt waived by Subsidiary companies (Note 13(b))			(1,138)		
	4,923	4,483	5,278	5,800	
iv) Due from related party					
John Holt & Company (Liverpool) Ltd (UK)	3,386	2,823	3,386	2,823	
Subsidiary companies	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	22	43	
	3,386	2,823	3,408	2,866	

- v) During the year, the Company purchased goods worth N270million (2020: N940million) from the parent company.
- vi) During the year, the Company did maintenance of generators and air-conditioners amounting to N2,346,722 (2020: N1,443,849) on normal commercial terms to Christopher University, an educational institution established by the Chairman of the Company. The Company also did maintenance of generators amounting to N1,024,124 (2020: N243,495) on normal commercial terms to Igboukwu Microfinance Ltd, a Company where the Chairman of John Holt Plc. is a shareholder. No balance is however outstanding as receivable from the Institution and the Company as at 30 September 2021 (2020: Nil).





34 Share Capital	Gro	up	Company		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Authorised:	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Value					
Ordinary shares of 50k each	200	200	200	200	
	No.'m	No.'m	No.'m	No.'m	
Number					
Ordinary shares of 50k each	400	400	400	400	
Issued and fully paid Value	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
Ordinary shares of 50k each	195	195	195	195	
	No.'m	No.'m	No.'m	No.'m	
Number					
Ordinary shares of 50k each	390	390	390	390	
35 Property revaluation reserve	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
(i) At 1 October	571	567	413	412	
Revaluation surplus net of tax (Note 35(ii))	53	4	40	1	
At 30 September	624	571	453	413	
	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
(ii) Revaluation surplus(Note 20)	59	4	44	1	
Deferred tax on revaluation surplus (Note 23)	(6)	<u> </u>	(4)		
At 30 September	53	4	40	1	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
36 Revenue reserve	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	
At 1 October	1,698	2,039	(542)	(255)	
Transfer from comprehensive income	(508)	(341)	<u> </u>	(287)	
At 30 September	1,190	1,698	30	(542)	

37 Transactions with key management personnel

Key management staff are those persons who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company. Key management includes executive and non-executive directors and members of the Executive Committee.



i) Directors' emoluments

Remuneration paid to the Company's Directors (excluding pension contribution) were:

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Fees:	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
- Chairman	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08
- Other Directors	0.12	0.06	0.12	0.06
Sitting allowances	1.12	0.60	1.12	0.60
Executive compensation	12.40	12.40	12.40	12.40
Other Directors' expenses	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
	19.72	19.14	19.72	19.14
ii)Fees and other emoluments (excluding reimbursable expenses disclosed above include amount paid to:	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Chairman	0.56	0.44	0.56	0.44
Highest paid director	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
	7.56	7.44	7.56	7.44

The number of Directors (including the Chairman and the highest paid Director) who received fees and emoluments (excluding pension contributions) in the following ranges was:

(excluding	pension continuations) in	the following ranges	was.			
			G	Group (Co	ompany
'N		N	Number	Number	Number	Number
200,001	-	300,000	-	1	-	1
300,001	-	400,000	2	-	2	-
5,000,001	-	6,000,000	1	1	1	1
6,000,001	-	7,000,000	2	2	2	2
The number	r of directors who receive	ed emoluments	5	4	5	4
The number	r of directors who did not	receive				
emolument	S		2	2	2	2
38 Employee	s		Number	Number	Number	Number
	persons employed durin					
Manageme			9	10	9	10
Senior sta	ff		56	66	56	66
Non-mana	gers		38	48	38	48
			103	124	103	124
ii) Employees	costs:		N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
Salaries, w	ages,medical and welfare	2	130	139	130	139
Defined co	ntribution plan	_	16	17	16	17
			146	156	146	156
		•				

iii) The number of employees of the Group including Directors whose emoluments (excluding allowances and pension contributions) during the year were within the bands stated below:

N		N	Number	Number	Number	Number
100,000	-	500,000	83	102	83	102
500,001	-	1,000,000	9	11	9	11
1,000,001	-	1,500,000	6	6	6	6
2,000,001	-	2,500,000	1	1	1	1
2,500,001	-	5,000,000	2	2	2	2
5,000,001	-	6,000,000	1	1	1	1
6,000,001	-	7,000,000_	1	1	1	1
		=	103	124	103	124



	Gro	oup	Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
(Loss)/profit after tax	(508)	(341)	572	(287)
Adjustment for:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	20	23	20	23
Depreciation of assets under finance lease	3	14	3	14
Finance income	(1)	(22)	(1)	(22)
Fair value gain on investment properties	(25)	(9)	(11)	(6)
Fair value gain on financial assets	(32)	-	(32)	-
Finance costs	153	109	153	109
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(6)	-	(6)
Loss on disposal of investment properties	-	56	-	-
Profit on disposal of investment properties	-	(1)	-	(1)
Deferred tax income	(49)	(127)	-	-
Income tax expense (Note 18(i))	4	149	4	23
Income tax paid (Note 18(ii))	(5)	(21)	(5)	(9)
	(440)	(176)	703	(162)
Changes in:				
Inventories	37	(209)	37	(209)
Trade and other receivables	210	(347)	209	(347)
Due from related party	(563)	(226)	(542)	(250)
Investment in subsidiaries		-	4	-
Due to related parties	440	(320)	(522)	990
Investment in associate company	(199)	-	(199)	-
Employee benefits	(5)	(14)	(5)	(14)
Trade and other payables	650	230	445	169
_\(C	570	(886)	(573)	339
Cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	130	(1,062)	130	177

40 Capital Commitments

The directors are of the opinion that there were no capital commitments at 30 September 2021 (2020:Nil).

41 Contingent Liabilities

- (a) There were contingent liabilities of N267million (2020:267million) in respect of legal actions against the Company. No provision has been made in these financial statements in respect of the legal actions as the directors, having taken legal advice, do not believe that any material liability will eventually be borne by the Company.
- (b) The Lagos State Internal Revenue Service has carried out tax audits on the Company's financial statements for the years 2015 and 2017 and a revised tax assessment in the sum of N19million (2020:N31million) was served on the Company. A reconciliation meeting on the tax audit findings is in progress. The Company's ultimate exposure to tax liability is dependent on the final outcome of the tax audit.

42 Events after reporting period

No events or transactions have occurred since 30 September 2021 which would have a material effect upon the financial statements at that date or which need to be mentioned in the financial statements in order not to make them misleading as to the financial position or results of operations at 30 September 2021.

In compliance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria (FRC) and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) in respect of COVID-19, the Directors have assessed the impact of the events after reporting period on the financial statements as a whole and are of the opinion that it has no material effect.

43 Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS)1 issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021 OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURE



		Grou	ıp qı			Comp	any	
·	2021 N'm	%	2020 N'm	%	2021 N'm	%	2020 N'm	%
Revenue Other income	1,186 321	_	1,831 790	_	1,185 1,445	_	1,827 787	
Less: Costs of products, services and	1,507		2,621		2,630		2,614	
leases								
- Local - Imported	(1,221) (519)	_	(1,690) (951)	_	(1,215) (519)	_	(1,628) (951)	
Value (consumed)/added	(233)	(100)	(20)	(100)	896	100	35	100
Value (consumed)/added as a percentage of revenue	(20%)	_	(1%)	<u>-</u>	76%	=	2%	
Applied as follows:			45					
To pay employees Salaries, allowances and other benefits	146	63	156	780	146	16	156	446
To pay government: Income tax	4	2	149	745	4	0	23	66
To pay providers of capital: Finance costs	151	65	106	530	151	17	106	303
To provide for replacement of assets and future expansion of business: - Deferred tax - Depreciation of property, plant and	(49)	(21)	(127)	(635)	-	-	-	-
equipment and assets under finance lease	23	10	37	185	23	2	37	105
- Results for the year	(508)	(218)	(341)	(1,705)	572	64	(287)	(820)
Value (consumed)/added	(233)	(100)	(20)	(100)	896	100	35	100

Value added represents the additional wealth which the Group has been able to create by its own and its employees' efforts. This statement shows the allocation of that wealth between employees, shareholders, government and that retained for the future creation of more wealth.





			Group		
Statement of financial position	2021 N'm	2020 N'm	2019 N'm	2018 N'm	2017 N'm
Non-current assets	5,399	5,027	6,417	6,409	6,292
Current assets	5,529	5,476	4,213	4,144	3,953
Current liabilities	(3,731)	(3,272)	(2,602)	(2,379)	(2,313)
Non-current liabilities	(5,188)	(4,767)	(5,227)	(5,613)	(5,307)
Total net assets	2,009	2,464	2,801	2,561	2,625
Equity					
Share capital	195	195	195	195	195
Revaluation reserve	624	571	567	545	528
Available-for-sale-reserve	-	40	-	5	5
Revenue reserve	1,190	1,698	2,039	1,816	1,897
Total equity	2,009	2,464	2,801	2,561	2,625
Statement of comprehensive income	200	GU.			
Revenue	1,186	1,831	1,793	2,674	2,287
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(553)	(319)	236	(86)	(223)
Current tax (expense)/income	(4)	(149)	(18)	(11)	805
Deferred tax credit/(charge)	49	127	-	16	(1,308)
(Loss)/profit for the year	(508)	(341)	218	(81)	(728)
Other comprehensive income	53	4	22	17	71
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(455)	(337)	240	(64)	(657)
Darie (leas) (agrainge a sure hours (Maha)	(120.24)	(97 44)	5E 00	(20.77)	(194 47)
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (Kobo)	(130.26)	(87.44)	55.90	(20.77)	(186.67)
Net assets per share (Kobo)	515.13	631.79	718.21	656.67	673.08

Basic (loss)/earnings per ordinary share are based on the (loss)/earnings after taxation divided by the number of issued and fully paid N0.50 ordinary shares at the end of each financial year.

NetassetsperordinarysharearebasedonthenetassetsdividedbythenumberofissuedandfullypaidN0.50 ordinary shares at the end of each financial year.

Wondershare PDFelement

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL SUMMARY AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021 OTHER NATIONAL DISCLOSURES



		Company		
2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm	N'm
3,248	2,909	3,010	3,024	2,950
5,551	5,518	4,231	4,144	3,953
(2,815)	(2,561)	(2,066)	(1,843)	(1,772)
(5,306)	(5,800)	(4,823)	(5,206)	(9,164)
678	66	352	119	(4,033)
195	195	195	195	195
453	413	412	396	379
-	-	-	5	5
30	(542)	(255)	(477)	(4,612)
678	66	352	119	(4,033)
	10,0			
1,185	1,827	1,786	2,654	2,262
No	80.			
576	(264)	222	4,115	(298)
(4)	(23)	(5)	20	`838
-	-	-	-	(1,295)
572	(287)	217	4,135	(755)
40	1	16	17	31
612	(286)	233	4,152	(724)
146.67	(73.59)	55.64	1,060.26	(193.59)
173.85	16.92	90.26	30.51	(1,034.10)
	N'm 3,248 5,551 (2,815) (5,306) 678 195 453 - 30 678 1,185 576 (4) - 572 40 612 146.67	N'm 3,248 2,909 5,551 5,518 (2,815) (2,561) (5,306) (5,800) 678 66 195 195 453 413 30 (542) 678 66 1,185 1,827 576 (264) (4) (23) 572 (287) 40 1 612 (286)	2021 2020 2019 N'm N'm N'm 3,248 2,909 3,010 5,551 5,518 4,231 (2,815) (2,561) (2,066) (5,306) (5,800) (4,823) 678 66 352 195 195 195 453 413 412 - - - 30 (542) (255) 678 66 352 1,185 1,827 1,786 576 (264) 222 (4) (23) (5) - - - 572 (287) 217 40 1 16 612 (286) 233 146.67 (73.59) 55.64	2021 2020 2019 2018 N'm N'm N'm N'm 3,248 2,909 3,010 3,024 5,551 5,518 4,231 4,144 (2,815) (2,561) (2,066) (1,843) (5,306) (5,800) (4,823) (5,206) 678 66 352 119 195 195 195 195 453 413 412 396 - - - 5 30 (542) (255) (477) 678 66 352 119 1,185 1,827 1,786 2,654 576 (264) 222 4,115 (4) (23) (5) 20 - - - - 572 (287) 217 4,135 40 1 16 17 612 (286) 233 4,152

Basicearnings/(loss)perordinarysharearebasedontheprofit/(loss)aftertaxationdividedbythenumberofissued and fully paid N0.50 ordinary shares at the end of each financial year.

Netassets/(liability)perordinarysharearebasedonthenetassets/(liabilities)dividedbythenumberofissuedand fully paid N0.50 ordinary shares at the end of each financial year.





	hare ange	Number of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	Total Shareholding	%
1-	1,000	35,191	67.33	17,933,818	4.61
1,001 -	5,000	13,101	25.07	30,122,609	7.74
5,001 -	10,000	2,042	3.91	14,836,403	3.81
10,001 -	50,000	1,584	3.03	33,212,812	8.53
50,001 -	100,000	191	0.37	13,387,116	3.44
100,001 -	500,000	113	0.22	24,097, 195	6.19
500,001 -	1,000,000	17	0.03	11, 190, 273	2.88
1,000,001	and Above	19	0.04	244,371,186	62.80
ТОТ	AL	52,258	100.00	389,151,412	100.00

SHARE CAPITAL HISTORY

The capital of the company was £1,500,000 divided into 1,500,000 share \$1\$ each.

NOTE: The capital of the Company was increased to £ 2,200,000 divided into 2,200,000 share of £1 each on 14th August 1970 and was subdivided into 4,400,000 shares of N1 each on 3rd May 1973.

On 11th March 1974, the capital of the Company was further increased to N7, 134,000 shares of N1 each.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 16th September 1976, the Capital of the Company was increased from N7, 134,000 to N12, 000,000.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 29th March 1977, the Capital of the Company was increased from N12, 000,000 to N24, 000,000.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 14th April 1977, the Ordinary shares of N1 each in the capital of the Company were subdivided into ordinary shares of 50 kobo each.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 22nd April 1982, the Capital of the Company was increased from N24, 000,000 to N32, 000,000.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 18th April 1985, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company was increased from N32, 000,000 to N35, 000,000 by creation of additional 6,000,000 Ordinary Share of 50kobo each.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 21st January 1988, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company was increased from N35, 000,000 to N55, 000,000.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 20th April 1989, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company was increased from N55, 000,000 to N87,500,000.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 19th May 1994, the Capital of the Company was increased from N87,500,000 to N100,000,000 by the creation of additional 25,000,000 Ordinary shares of 50kobo each ranking in all respect with the existing ordinal shares.

By Ordinary Resolution passed and confirmed on 18th May 1995, the Authorised Share Capital of the Company was increased from N100,000,000 to N200,000,000 by the creation of additional 200,000 Ordinary shares of 50kobo each ranking in all respect with the existing ordinary shares.



Wondershare

PDFelement

Dividends and scrip issues

Dividends	Dividends	Dividends	Dividends	Scrip issues
1 : July 74, Dec 74 2 : Sep 75, Apr 76 3 : Jul 76, Mar 77 4 : Sep 77 5 : Mar 78 6 : Sep 78 7 : Mar 79	9 : Sep 81 10: May 82 11: Sep 82 12: May 83 13: Apr 84 14: Apr 85 15: Apr 86	17: Apr 87 18: Sep 88 19: May 89 20: Jun 90 21: Jun 91 22: Jun 92 23: Jun 93	25: Jun 95 26: Feb 96 27: Feb 97 28: Feb 98 29: Apr 99 30: Jun 05	1:5 Apr 85 1:5 Apr 89 1:5 May 91 1:4 May 94 1:1 May 95
8 : Apr 81	16: Jun 86	24: Jun 94		

Reporting to shareholders

The Group is continuing the practice of sending to each shareholder a copy of the Abridged Annual Report and Financial Statements. The purpose of the Abridged Annual Report is to provide shareholders with a concise report on the activities of the Group, as well as a summary of the financial results for the year.

Financial calendar

Annual General Meeting: 30th of June, 2022

Time: 11.00 am

Venue: Radisson Blu, Victoria Island, Lagos Closure Date: 13th - 17th June, 2022 Financial year end: 30th September 2021

OTHER INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS CONT.



Wondershare

COMPLAINT MANAGEMENT POLICY OF JOHN HOLT PLC

INTRODUCTION

In John Holt Plc, we believe that a well resolved complaint improves the business and promotes accountability to our stakeholders. We consider time spent on handling complaints as an investment in better service to the public.

COMMITMENT

The Company's policy on complaint management is tailored towards ensuring a consistent resolution approach because Management is committed to ensuring that complaints are dealt with in a responsive, efficient, effective, fair and economic manner. All complaints received shall be treated with respect and in confidence. In John Holt Plc we believe that a well resolved complaint improves the business and promotes accountability to our stakeholders. We consider time spent on handling complaints as an investment in better service to the public.

APPLICATION AND SCOPE

The complaint management policy is intended to assist the company's investors and enhance market integrity in the long run. The policy shall apply to the stakeholders in relation to the operation of the company in the capital market.

In accordance with the rules provided by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on complaints management of the Nigerian Capital Market, the following matters will not be considered complaints for deliberation by the Company:

- a. Complaints that are incomplete or not specific.
- b. Allegations without supporting documents.
- c. Offering suggestions or seeking guidance or explanation.
- d. Seeking explanation for non-trading of shares or illiquidity of shares
- e. Not satisfied with trading prices of the shares of the Company.
- f. Disputes arising out of private agreement with companies or intermediaries.
- g. Complaints made anonymously.
- h. Any other matters as may be determined by the SEC from time to time.

PURPOSE OF COMPLAINTS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The purpose of the complaint management policy is as follows:

- a. To handle and resolve complaints in line with the frame work of the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- b. To constructively set out our approach to complaints
- c. To make the complaint process accessible and accountable.
- d. To ensure that the company takes full ownership of complaints and that a positive and proactive approach is adopted to resolving the complaints in line with guidelines of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

PROCEDURE

Complaints shall only be considered for deliberation when submitted in writing with the following supporting information:

a. Name of the Complainant

OTHER INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS CONT.



Wondershare

- b. Membership/Shareholder Identification number
- c. Date of the complaint
- d. Details of complaint
- e. Copy of Share Certificate of complainant
- f. Mobile phone number of complainant

Complaints submitted by email should be addressed to headoffice@jhplc.com. Where the complaint if submitted by posit, it should be addressed to:

The Company Secretary John Holt Plc 11B Ilabere Avenue, Ikoyi, Lagos.

The Company shall acknowledge complaints received by email within two (2) working days. Where the complaints are received by post, the Company shall respond in writing within five (5) working days of receipt. Complaints received shall be managed by the Company of two levels. The first level shall be reviewed and possibly resolved by the Company Secretary; where the Company Secretary is unable to resolve the concerns of the complainant, the complaint shall be referred to the Registrars of the Company. The Company shall strive to resolve complaints within ten (10) working days from the date the complaint was received. The Competent Authority shall be notified of the resolution of the complaint within two (2) working days. Where the complaint is not resolved within the given time frame, the complainant or the company shall refer to the complaint to the relevant Competent Authority within two (2) working days. The letter of referral shall be accompanied by a summary of proceedings of events leading to the referral and copies of relevant supporting documents.

Where there is no Competent Authority, the complaint shall be referred to the SEC within two (2) working days. The letter of referral shall be accompanied by a summary of proceedings of events leading to the referral and copies of relevant supporting documents. The Company shall maintain an electronic complaints register which shall be updated regularly. Status reports of complaints filed shall be forwarded to SEC quarterly.

FEEDBACK AND RESPONSIVENESS

Complaints will be advised of outcomes as soon as possible after a decision is made. Reasons for negative decisions will be clearly spelt out to complainants.

Complaints are to be tracked; time frames for resolutions monitored and Complainants are entitled to reasonable progress reports.

Any internal problem revealed by a complaint will be communicated to a senior official who will be responsible to ensure possible improvement.

PROXY FORM FOR SHAREHOLDERS





JOHN HOLT PLC

The 60th Annual General Meeting of John Ho	It Plc will be held on, 2022 at Radisson Blu Hotel,
Victoria Island, Lagos at 11.00am.	
Holt Plc, hereby appoint Chief Mr.	Christopher Ikechi Ezeh or failing him,as my/our Proxy to act as vote for 60 th Annual General Meeting on ,
DatedShareholder's si	gnature
I/We desire this proxy to be used in favor of/ or	against the resolution as indicated alongside:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

To lay before the meeting, the Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30th September 1. 2021, the Report of the Auditors and the Audit Committee thereon. **FOR AGAINST**

2 To re-elect Directors

- Chief Christopher Ikechi Ezeh (Notwithstanding that he is over 70 years old) (i)
- (ii) Mr. Adeche Boyi Okeje
- 3. To authorize the Directors to fix the remuneration of the Auditors
- 4. To elect members of the Audit Committee

SPECIAL BUSINESS

- 5. To approve the remuneration of Directors
- To approve the general mandate given to the Company to enter into transaction with related parties for the Company's day-to-day operations, including the procurement of goods and services. Please indicate with "X" in the appropriate column, how you wish your votes to be cast on the resolutions set out above. Unless otherwise instructed, the Proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion. The proxy form should NOT be completed and sent to the registered office if the member will be attending the meeting.

NOTES

- In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, attendance the AGM shall only be by proxy. A proxy form is 1. attached to the Annual Report. A Member has the right to appoint a proxy /proxies to attend and vote instead of him; the proxy/proxies need not be a member (s) of the Company. All instruments of proxy must be deposited at the registered office of the Company or office of the Registrars, Greenwich Registrars & Data Solutions Limited, 274 Murtala Muhammed Way, Alagomeji, Yaba, Lagos, P.M.B 12717, Lagos, Nigeria not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting. All instruments of proxy shall be at the Company's expense.
- 2. In the case of joint shareholders, any of them may complete the form, but the names of all joint shareholders must be stated.
- 3. If the shareholder is a corporation, this form must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of some officers or an attorney duly authorized.
- The Proxy must produce the admission card sent with the notice of the meeting to gain entrance to 4. the meeting.

PROXY FORM FOR SHAREHOLDERS CONT.



5. It is a legal requirement that all instruments proxy to be used for the purpose of voting by any person entitled to vote at any meeting of the shareholders must bear the appropriate stamp duty from the Stamp Duties office (not adhesive postage stamps). All instruments of proxy shall be at the Company's expense.

ADMISSION: John Holt Plc Annual General Meeting.

Please before posting this form, please tear off this Admission Card and retain for your documentation. Please note that in compliance with the guidelines on COVID -19 pandemic, attendance at this AGM shall only be by proxy.

Name and address:

Number of shares held

Number of shareholders

Please admit......to the 60th Annual General Meeting of John Holt Plc to be held at Radisson Blu Hotel, Victoria Island, Lagos on Thursday 30th of June, 2022, at 11:00am

SIGNATURE OF ATTENDEE	SIGNATURE OFTHE REGISTRAR

This admission card should be produced by the proxy in order to obtain entrance to the Annual General Meeting. You are requested to sign this card at the entrance in the presence of the Company Secretary or the Nominee on the day of the Annual General Meeting.

Shareholder's admission form

Note this form should be completed, signed, torn off and produced by the shareholder or his/her duly appointed proxy in order to gain entrance to the venue of the meeting.

Ada Nkwocha (Mrs) Company Secretary

OTHER INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS



Affix N50.00 **Postage Stamp** Here



Affix

E-DIVIDEND MANDATE

Passport Photograph				ACTIV	/ /	\T	ION FORM	
						C	Only C learing Banks A re Ad	cceptable
Date					ſ	Tick	Company Name	Shareholders Account No.
	DD	MM		YY			11 PLC	
Instructions Please complete <u>all sections</u>	_ of this forn	n to make it eligible fc	or proc	cessing and return	F		2LP Management Company Limited Series 1 Abplast Products PLC Allianz Nigeria Pic (erstwhile Union Assurance Company Limited; Ensure Insurance)	
to the address below:					F		Aluminum Extrusion PLC	
The Registrar							Axxela Bond	
Greenwich Registrars	& Data S	olutions Limit	ed		L		Cashew Nuts Processing Industries PLC	
274 Murtala Muhamme					- 4	-	Chellarams PLC	
	u way,	Taba, Lagos					Christlieb PLC DANA Group of Companies PLC Series 1 & 2	
Bank Mandate Information	£4111	the Dividend Deve		- \			DN Tyre & Rubber PLC	
\We hereby request that hence		the Dividend Payr) *		Ekiti State Bond Tranche 2	
my\our holdings in all the com		su at the right hand	colun	nii be credited	(64	Ekiti State Government Bond	
directly to my \our bank detail	eu below:						EKOCORP PLC	
Bank Verification Number						*	Eterna PLC	
Bank Name				.0			FAN Milk PLC	
					-		General Telecoms PLC GlaxoSmithKline Nigeria PLC	
Bank Account Number				10, 0	. F		Global Biofuel Nigeria LTD	
Account Opening Date					F		Great Nigeria Insurance PLC	
3		DD	MM	W			Greenwich Alpha ETF	
		OD .	IVIIVI	* "	· [Greenwich Money Market Fund	
					L		Ikeja Hotels PLC	
Sha reholders Account Inform	nation				F		Impresit Bakolori PLC Industrial & General Insurance PLC	
Surname/Company Name	F	irst Name		Other Name(s)	1 -		IPWA PLC	
Carriamer Company Hame		ii ot italiio		Cirio Hamo(e)	- F		John Holts PLC	
							Julius Berger Nigeria PLC	
Address							Kajola Integrated & Investment Company PLC	
7.000							Lennard Nigeria PLC	
							Local Contracto rs Receivables Bond Tranche 1, 2 & 3	
					L		Meyer PLC	
							Municipality Waste Management Contractors Limited Series I,II & III	
City	State		Col	untry	L		Nestle Nigeria PLC	
					 		Nigeria Cement Company PLC	
Provious Address (if)					-		Nigeria Entertainment Fund Nigeria Reinsurance	
Previous Address (if any)					-		Nigeria Reinsurance Nigerian Enamelware PLC	
					H		Nigerian Lamp & Industries	
CSCS Clearing House Numb	or	Email Addres					Nigerian Wire & Cable PLC	
CSCS Clearing House Numb	101	Eman Addres	33				Nova Bond Series I	
							Okitipupa Oil Palm PLC	
Mobile Number (1)		Mobile Numb	ner (2)		_		Oluwa Glass Company	
Mobile Number (1)		Mobile Numb	Jei (2)				Primero BRT Securitization SPV	
							Studio Press Nigeria PLC Sush SPV Bond II	
Shareholder 's		2 nd Signatory	ν		-		The Tourist Company of Nigeria PLC	
Signature		(Joint/Compar		counts)			Tripple Gee & Company PLC	
-		, , , , , ,		,			Unilever Nigeria PLC	
							Union Homes REITS	
							Union Homes Savings & Loans PLC	
Company Soci					F		University Press PLC	
Company Seal (if applicable)					H		Wema Bank PLC Wema Funding SPV Plc Bond Series I & II	
(п аррпоавто)					L		•	

Greenwich Registrars & Data Solutions Website: www.gtlregistrars.com Email: info@gtlregistrars.com

Contact Centre +234 -(0)1 -2917747 +234 -(0)1 -2793160 -2



ABIA

7 Factory Road, Aba, Abia State

KANO

16 Niger Street, Kano 4 Lagos Street, Bompai, Kano

ABUJA

Plot 2413 Cadastral Zone BOI Gudu District, Abuja

KWARA

107 Murtala Mohammed Way, Ilorin

BENUE

Plot 4/5 Beach Road, Markudi

LAGOS

11B Ilabere Avenue, Ikoyi, Lagos 42 Kudirat Abiola Way, Oregun

BAYELSA

Mblama/Yenegoa Road Yenezuegene/Kpansia Opp. Zenith Bank, Yenegoa

BORNO

CROSS RIVER

3/5 Marine Town, Calabar

DELTA

71 Enerhen Road, Warri

ONDO

40 Lafada Street, Igbokoda 2 Ondo Road, Akure

EDO

71 Mission Road Benin City Plot 8 Ife/Ibadan

OSUN

Plot 4/6 Railway Siding, Oshogbo Road, Ile-Ife

ENUGU

22 Okpara Avenue, Enugu

OYO

47 Oba Adebimpe Road, Ibadan

GOMBE

New Commercial Line, LayinDangote, Opp. Dangote Warehouse, Gombe

PLATEAU

20 Beach Road, Jos 30 Murtala Mohammed Way, Jos

KADUNA

9 Bank Road, Kaduna, 24 Ahmadu Bello Way, Kaduna 2 Yaro Road Chikaji, Zaria.

RIVERS

28 Kolokuma Street, Bokiri, Port Harcourt 43 Port Harcourt /Aba Expressway, 1st Artillery Junction, Beside Everyday Supermarket Port Harcourt